SENEGAL 6 Vol. I

4

DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD [NIXON PROJECT]

DOCUMENT NUMBER	DOCUMENT TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE OR CORRESPONDENTS	DATE	RESTRICTION
1a	memo	From Davis	12/27/71	B
6a	report	Biography	N/D	B
7a	report	Biography	N/D	B
26	telegram	Dakar to Secstate	5/4/73	B
36	telegram	Dakar to Secstate	4/22/71	B
43	telegram	Secstate to Dakar	4/13/71	B
50	report	Special Report: Weekly Review	5/23/69	B
51	report	Special Report: Weekly Review	5/23/69	B

FILE GROUP TITLE: NSC

BOX NUMBER: 743

FOLDER TITLE: 4

RESTRICTION CODES

A. Release would violate a Federal statute or Agency Policy.
B. National security classified information.
C. Pending or approved claim that release would violate an individual's rights.
D. Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy or a libel of a living person.
E. Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information.
F. Release would disclose investigatory information compiled for law enforcement purposes.
G. Withdrawn and return private and personal material.
H. Withdrawn and returned non-historical material.

36197

December 27, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Memorandum of President's Conversation with President Senghor

I attach for the information of your principals, the memorandum of the President's conversation with President Senghor on June 18, 1971.

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT

DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

A RESTRICTED DOCUMENT OR CASE FILE HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ITEM REMOVED AND THE REASON FOR ITS REMOVAL, CONSULT DOCUMENT ENTRY NUMBER 1a ON EITHER THE DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD (GSA FORM 7279 OR NA FORM 1421) OR NARA WITHDRAWAL SHEET (GSA FORM 7122) LOCATED IN THE FRONT OF THIS FILE FOLDER.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL

June 23, 1971

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

PARTICIPANTS: The President
President Leopold Senghor of Senegal
Marshall Wright, NSC
Jose Descabra, Interpreter

DATE & TIME: June 18, 1971 - 9:30 a.m.

PLACE: The Oval Office

After an initial exchange of greeting and amenities President Nixon asked President Senghor to speak to Senegal's problems and the state of relations between Senegal and the United States.

In responding President Senghor mentioned two broad categories of problems: (1) those relating to cultural and political independence and (2) those relating to cultural and economic development. He then made extensive references to his cultural and academic background, studies in French schools and universities where he was a classmate of Pompidou, and at the same time brought out the fact that for himself, as well as the Senegalese in general, the French language and culture, while very important, are only a complement since the roots of Senegal culture are essentially in black Africa. From his days in secondary schools in France Senghor endeavored to cultivate and enhance the values of the black African civilization. This latter was expressed by him in his statements about "negritude". He also traced the main phases of his country's accession to independent status within the framework of a French speaking union and the role played in those historic events by both Pompidou and DeGaulle.

Next he dealt more specifically with education and the reforms undertaken in his country. He pointed out some of the differences between Senegal's education system and that of France. He is giving great stress to the study of mathematics and technical and engineering subjects. At the present time half of the math professors in the university of Senegal are native, and it is expected that five years from now all of those as well as instructors in engineering and allied subjects will be Senegalese. Regarding linguistic problems, he mentioned the parallel existence of native languages, of French as a working language and, since 1964, of English being a required subject in

secondary and technical schools. He went on to describe the part played by Senegal in the Western world as both a West African and an Atlantic country that has had century-old relationships with Europe. He stated that the civilization of the future is now evolving, and that it will be an international and eclectic civilization, rather than a national and parochial one, with each component bringing in its own valuable contribution and sharing the contribution of all other components. For that reason he has advocated the entry of the UK into the European economic community with eventually the English speaking countries of Africa and of the West Indies also joining in a broader association. This is consistent with the idea of a world where different groups of civilizations live in a state of harmony and understanding.

As for Senegal's relations with the United States, those are a natural consequence of the relations of Senegal with Europe, and of the many black people throughout the Americas. Thus Africa feels closer to America than to Asia. In his view when an Afro-Asian meeting was called the presence of Latin America was deemed indispensable and he himself felt much closer to a Brazilian, for instance, than to a Chinese.

He mentioned in passing that his name was Portuguese, that he had Portuguese-named forebears and some Portuguese blood, as did some 100,000 other Senegalese. At this point President Nixon asked whether this could not create political difficulties for him, and President Senghor replied smiling, "Well, that is a political matter and of course that is something else". He then described the cultural pattern of Senegal as being one of a balanced blend in which an educated Senegalese would normally know, at least one of the native languages, French, and very likely English or another language. In this way he felt that more and more Senegalese were in a position to participate in a truly universal civilization.

During his recent trip throughout the United States where he had an opportunity to address university students, black as well as white, he pointed out that the civilization of the 21st century was being molded to a large extent in the United States. The reason why the United States was playing such an important role in shaping the future was not just because of its material wealth and power but perhaps mainly because of its creativity, enthusiasm, and youthful dynamism which are to be found in the United States to a greater extent than in Europe. Also the United States has this great responsibility of carrying on the tradition of blending within itself different ethnic groups such as the Anglo-Saxons, the Latins, Slavs, Germans, and also blacks.

When some black students in the United States asked him whether they should go back to Africa he replied in the negative, saying that if he were young he would want to come to the United States as a teacher because of the role played by the

United States in shaping the civilization of the future. He added that it was essential that the basic values of "negritude" with all its warmth and vitality be recognized and brought into a full participation in the overall pattern of American civilization. And that is why he believed in and supported the fullest measure of integration in the U.S. as being the only viable solution. It was important for the blacks to feel that they were contributing something to the cultural life of the country and not just acting as mere consumers of culture. That participation in cultural activities was for him a very important element on a par with improvement in the economic status.

In regard to political developments in Africa and Senegal he said at the outset that whatever disagreements might occur at times between his and the Western countries were of but minor importance. What constituted a danger for his country were a rather broad range of Communist activities. In Senegal itself the left wing student movement represented only 10%. He indicated that there had been a shift in Communist influence from the Russian, which was quite prevalent at the time of independence, to the much stronger present influence of Communist China which presented a definite danger since it came not directly from Peking but rather through Paris. It is this strong and well established French cultural influence that explains why certain Senegalese Communists will go to Moscow and upon their return will no longer be Communists, whereas many non-Communist individuals will go to Paris and come back Communists. While the Russian activities are watched, they are not considered particularly dangerous and as a matter of fact the President intends to visit the Soviet Union next year. As for the Chinese Communists they do present a definite danger through their activities out of Paris and out of their embassies in neighboring countries such as that in Nouakchott. Senegal has become a key target country in the Chinese Communist strategy pattern because of its growing political and economic importance. At the present time Senegal is surrounded by three countries, Mauritania, Mali and Guinea where the Chinese Communists are most active, not only in supplying funds but even in advocating violence. An example of that was an attempt by a group of black and French extremists to bomb the French cultural center during President Pompidou's visit to Senegal. However, since it is not too easy to keep a secret in Senegal the authorities were able to take appropriate measures.

Regarding the new policy toward the Chinese Peoples Republic on the part of the United States he understood the reasons of the United States and he himself has been supporting the admission of mainland China to the United Nations while at the same time keeping Taiwan in the organization. After all, there are more than 700 million Chinese and it is important to be able to talk with them. At one time he had to expel a number of Communist newspapermen from China and North Korea. This brought about assassination threats, but he remains undaunted in his determination to defend the independence of his country against any threats

on the part of the Russians and particularly of the Chinese. The Communist Chinese presence is a growing danger in many parts of Africa since they extend their activities from Somalie to Zambia and are moving more and more into West Africa. In Central Africa they have been very active in Congo (Brazzaville) and now his friend Ahidjo (of Cameroon) is faced with the presence of a Communist Chinese Embassy in his capital. Still he refuses to have the Chinese Communists represented in his country.

President Nixon said that he realized that the Communist Chinese danger was greater to a country like Senegal than that of Moscow. He mentioned the fact that the United States was entering into a new phase in its relations with the Chinese Peoples Republic on a restrained basis involving mainly trade. He stressed that he had no illusions about the designs of the CPR as well as those of the Soviets. He knew they intended to expand their influence wherever they could. Still, there is the need for developing some sort of modus vivendi and some sort of a live-and-let-live policy. The fact is that if 25 years from now the CPR, with more than one billion inhabitants is still outside the family of nations and has developed a major atomic arsenal, that country will have become a truly unacceptable danger. The President referred to the substantial progress made in the arms control discussions with the Soviets and added that even if a perfect agreement were arrived at between the US and the Soviets on arms control that would be of no use in the not too distant future because of the growing danger presented by the Chinese. He was trying to see events in their historic perspective. The US friendship for the Republic of China remains undiminished. But it is necessary to have a pragmatic outlook and think not just in terms of the present but of the future insofar as the leadership position of the United States is concerned. That position seems to require that some efforts be made to ameliorate Peking's isolation from most of the world. He was well aware that in today's world, in Africa, in Latin America, even in the United States, this new virus was at work, not that of Moscow but of Mao. Here a dangerous philosophy is involved, much more dangerous and effective than the rather crude efforts of the Soviets through their Comintern. While there seemed to be at times a certain idealism in the Soviet actions, the Maoists seemed to be bent on destruction for the sake of destruction, and their dangerous influence extends even to the United States. Even though the United States has made certain moves with regard to Peking it continues to bear in mind the fact that Peking intends to intervene in the internal affairs of countries in Asia, particularly Southeast Asia as well as in Latin America and that of course is a matter of concern to the United States. That being the situation it is heartening for the United States to have this contact with such an enlightened and understanding leader in Africa. The President said this was particularly so because there are some leaders in Latin America, Africa and Asia who are quite naive regarding the true essence of the conflict and who continue to consider the United States and other Western powers as imperialists, which had some truth at one time, but is no longer relevant.

Today, while the United States, France and the United Kingdom may be no angels, still colonialism is gone and the best hope for the less developed countries is to establish close ties of trade and investment with the so-called capitalists. In Africa there are different views from country to country regarding the extent of state control and of free enterprise, but it is important that in working for its development that Africa look to the North and to the West rather than to the East. He understood that President Senghor and his country must try to get along with many different countries but he was sure that President Senghor realized where there was the greatest measure of hope. Senegal is a country endowed with substantial material and human resources which can best be developed through private investment rather than through an impossible form of Communist state. The President said that the handling by the United States of its relations with its own black population is a very important factor in the overall pattern of relations with African countires, because if the blacks are deprived of adequate opportunities in the United States this will influence African countries who then may look elsewhere for leadership. He referred to the progress that has been made in the United States in racial matters. Then he concluded that part of his remarks by saying that each new country in Africa had to choose its own way. He referred to Senegal as a significant example of a constructive association with a former colonial power.

President Senghor then talked about economic matters. He made specific reference to the vital need for dams which are particularly important in a country where there is little rain. He referred to the assistance provided by certain specialized agencies of the United Nations and also the World Bank, with a specific reference to Mr. McNamara whom he considered a friend and with whom he was going to sign three agreements that afternoon. The other matter was that of the fishing industry which needed to be developed and in that connection he cited the issue of fishing waters as separated from territorial waters and mentioned the fact that Senegal had denounced the 1958 agreements regarding those waters. He had already been in touch with State Department Legal Adviser Stevenson and mentioned that an American special mission would be coming to Senegal to discuss territorial and fishing waters issues. Speaking of the territorial waters proper his country did not intend to push for a 200 mile limit such as that advocated by several Latin American countries. He understood the strategic implications of territorial waters for the United States and had also discussed that matter with the French. But as for fishing waters, he described that issue as one of life or death for his country, particularly since the Russians and the Chinese were more and more active in indiscriminate fishing off the coast of Senegal. He also mentioned that there are potential oil and iron resources in Senegal and that American companies had been granted prospecting licenses.

President Nixon indicated that it was the desire of the United States to cooperate with Senegal in its economic development. President Senghor concluded by saying that Senegal provided a favorable climate for investment and that he was sure that the United States would have a reasonable attitude regarding Senegalese plans about developing its fishing resources.

THE WHITE HOUSE

ACTION MEMORANDUM WASHINGTON LOG NO.: 29767

Date: June 22, 1971 Time: 2 00 p.m.

FOR ACTION: Mr. Marshall Wright cc (for information):

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: June 30, 1971 Time: 2:00 p.m.

SUBJECT:

Report for the President's File on his Meeting with President Leopold Sedar Senghor on Friday, June 18 1971 at 9.30 a.m.

ACTION REQUESTED:

X For Necessary Action

_ For Your Recommendations

_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

_ Draft Reply

_ For Your Comments

_ Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

DECLASSIFIED

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	LOG	INITIAL ACTION OFF
12	27	12	27	11	36197	

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES ____ KISSINGER ____ HAIG ____ Eliot Hepworth

FROM: ELIOT ____ ROGERS, W ____ LAIRD, M ____ DAVIS

U ____ LOU ____ C X S ____ TS ____

LOG IN/OUT ONLY ____ NO FORN ____ BUO ____ EYES ONLY ____ CODE WORD ____ SENSITIVE ____

NODIS ____ EXDIS ____ LIMDIS ____ RES DATA ____

SUBJECT: Mem Con of Pres' mtg w/ Pres Senghor on June 18, 71

REFERENCE: S/S ____ OTHER ____ NOT XEROXED ____

APP'TS: PRES ____ HAK ____ TALKER ____ MEMCON ____ DATE REQ. ____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG			
STAFF SECRETARY			
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA			
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ( )
MEMO FOR PRES. ( )
REPLY FOR ____ SIGNATURE ( )
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ( )
MEMO ____ TO ____ ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ( )
JOINT MEMO ( )
REFER TO STATE ( )
ANY ACTION NECESSARY ( )
CONCURRENCE ( )
DUE DATE:

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*

Log in + out

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
12/27				Davis signed memo to Eliot Hepworth	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH ____ NOTIFY ____ DATE ____

SEE LOG ____ DISPATCH: ~~LETTER~~/MEMO ____

JOINED BY LOG ____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) ____

SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM

SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: 12-27-71 pp

SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ____ NO ____

MICROFILM DATA

DO ____ INIT ____ DATE ____

DEC 29 1971

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TO) PAF ____
WHC ____
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★ GPO: 1971—412-412

THE PRESIDENT . S SEEN....

CONFIDENTIAL

THE WHITE HOUSE (6532)

WASHINGTON
December 17, 1973

MEETING WITH O. RUDOLPH AGGREY, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO SENEGAL

Tuesday, December 18, 1973
12:15 p.m. (10 minutes)
The Oval Office

From: Henry A. Kissinger

I. PURPOSE

For our new Ambassador to Senegal to call on you briefly prior to his departure Thursday for his new post.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS PLAN

A. Background

This is Ambassador Aggrey's first Ambassadorial assignment. He is one of the leading Black Americans in the Foreign Service and is widely known here and in Africa. His father was a renowned West African educator. Ambassador Aggrey accompanied Mrs. Nixon on her trip in 1972 to Liberia, Ghana and the Ivory Coast. You have met him on several occasions over the past several years, most recently during the State Visit of Ivory Coast President Houphouet-Boigny.

Our relations with Senegal are good although we have basic differences on questions concerning Southeast Asia. President Senghor is a moderate in the African context. There has been some shift leftward in his international posture, but his moderation has been displayed most recently in the Middle East crisis. He suspended relations with Israel only with great reluctance and has applauded your efforts to seek peace in that area. Senghor has also made public his great appreciation for US assistance to the drought states of Africa. In the economic sphere he gives high priority to increased US investment and he is a great admirer of our technological capability. US investment in Senegal is currently about $25 million, but there are several projects in the planning stages, including an Intercontinental hotel, development of tourism infrastructure by Boeing, and expanded truck farming for export. Export-Import Bank is considering participation in a $100 million supertanker repair facility at Dakar in a year or two.

President Senghor called on you in June 1971 during a trip to the United States to receive honorary degrees from three American universities.

B. Participants

O. Rudolph Aggrey
General Scowcroft.

C. Press Plan

Ollie Atkins photo only.
The press briefer will announce the meeting after it takes place.

III. TALKING POINTS

1. I am delighted that you are going out as my Ambassador to Senegal. Your wide experience in African affairs and your reputation there makes you admirably suited for this appointment; I wish you well.

2. I am encouraged by the possibility of increased US investment in Senegal and I know that you will give this matter your full attention. I am convinced that one of the best ways America can help developing countries such as Senegal is through private US investment. I would hope you could encourage the Senegalese Government to continue to reexamine its stand on reverse preferences.

(FYI - Senegal has been a supporter of giving reverse preferences to Europe, particularly France, but probably would go along with the majority of African countries should they decide in upcoming talks with the European community to urge abandonment of reverse preferences.)

3. Please convey my personal good wishes to President Senghor when you present your credentials, my fond memories of his visit in 1971, and my appreciation for his messages of support in connection with the Middle East crisis. Assure him the United States will continue to do its part in the international effort to assist Senegal and the other drought-stricken states of Africa.

4. Please give my greetings to Prime Minister Diouf, whom I remember meeting at the dinner I gave here for the Chiefs of State and Governments visiting the United States in connection with the 25th Anniversary of the United Nations (1970).

Attachment
Tab A - Biographic sketch

A

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE October 11, 1973

Office of the White House Press Secretary

THE WHITE HOUSE

The President today announced his intention to nominate C. Rudolph Aggrey, of Washington, D. C., to be Ambassador to the Republic of Senegal and to the Republic of the Gambia. In both positions he will succeed G. Edward Clark.

Mr. Aggrey, a Foreign Service Information Officer, has served as Director of the Office of West African Affairs at the Department of State since 1970.

He was born in Salisbury, North Carolina, on July 24, 1926. Mr. Aggrey is a graduate of Hampton Institute in Virginia (B.S. 1946) and Syracuse University (M.S. 1948). He was appointed to the United States Foreign Service in 1951, after working as a newswriter in Cleveland, Ohio, and serving on the staffs of the United Negro College Fund in New York and of Bennett College in Greensboro, N. C.

Overseas, Mr. Aggrey has served in Lagos, Nigeria; Lille, France; was the first Director of the Rue du Dragon Cultural Center in Paris; and was Deputy Director of the USIS in Kinshasa, Zaire, from 1966 to 1968. In Washington, Mr. Aggrey was Deputy Public Affairs Adviser for the Bureau of African Affairs of the Department of State from 1961 to 1964. He was chief of the French Branch of the Voice of America in 1965 and, following his return from Zaire, was named Program Manager of the Motion Picture and Television Service, USIA, where he served until taking his current position. Mr. Aggrey was a fellow in the Center for International Affairs at Harvard University (1964-65), received the USIA Meritorious Service Award in 1955, and the Superior Service Award in 1960.

He is married to the former Francoise Fratacci. The Aggreys have one daughter, Roxane.

# # #

MEMORANDUM

6532

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CONFIDENTIAL

December 17, 1973

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR: SECRETARY KISSINGER

FROM: HAL HORAN HH

SUBJECT: President's meeting with Ambassador Aggrey Tuesday, December 18, 12:15 p.m.

Pursuant to your proposal (Tab II), the President has agreed to see Rudy Aggrey, our new Ambassador to Senegal, for 10 minutes in the Oval Office, Tuesday, December 18, at 12:15 p.m. Attached at Tab I is a Presidential talker for that meeting.

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward to the President the talker for his meeting with Rudy Aggrey at Tab I.

Attachments

Tab I - Presidential talker
Tab II- Schedule proposal.

CONFIDENTIAL

THE WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

TIME SENT

WHITE HOUSE LDX NR 698

CIA ____ DIA/G ____
STATE X DIA/H ____
NMCC ____ DASA ____
ANMCC ____ NPIC ____
NSA ____

'73 DEC 17 PM 12:53

WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

NUMBER OF PAGES 1

DESCRIPTION/COMMENT:

FROM: JEANNE DAVIS

TO: THOMAS PICKERING
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

URGENT

RECEIVED BY: F.S. Hersing

DATE/TIME:

Has been sent

6532

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

December 17, 1973 VIA LDX

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Thomas R. Pickering
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Presidential Appointment with Ambassador Aggrey

This is to confirm that the President will meet with Ambassador O. Rudolph Aggrey in the Oval Office on Tuesday, December 18, at 12:15 p.m. for ten minutes. It would be appreciated if you would confirm the appointment with Ambassador Aggrey.

James D. Barnes for
Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

6532

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

December 15, 1973

FOR: HON. HENRY KISSINGER

FROM: DAVID PARKER

RE: Presidential Appointment with Ambassador O. Rudolph Aggrey - Tuesday - December 18

This is to confirm that the President will meet with Amb. O. Rudolph Aggrey in the Oval Office on Tuesday, December 18, at 12:15 p.m. for 10 minutes. There will be a Press photo opportunity at the beginning of this meeting.

Would you please prepare an appropriate briefing paper for this meeting and submit it to Mr. Wardell's office.

Thank you.

cc: S. Bull
Gen. A. Haig
Gen. B. Scowcroft
C. Wardell
G. Warren
R. Ziegler

MEMORANDUM

6532

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

December 6, 1973
ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY KISSINGER

FROM: HAL HORAN HH

SUBJECT: Presidential Meeting with New US Ambassador to Senegal

O. Rudy Aggrey, a Career Foreign Service Officer, is departing soon to take up his new assignment as our Ambassador to Senegal. He is one of the outstanding Black Americans in the Foreign Service and is highly regarded both in Africa and the United States. He accompanied Mrs. Nixon on her trip to Liberia, Ghana and the Ivory Coast in 1972 and received a highly commendatory letter from the President on his outstanding performance in handling the details of the trip. I understand that Mrs. Nixon was indeed very impressed with him. I recommend that it be proposed to the President that he see Ambassador Aggrey, a gesture which would have more than routine meaning both here and in Africa. I have prepared a schedule proposal for that purpose should you concur. Stan Scott highly recommends this meeting. The State Department also supports that request (Tab II).

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the schedule proposal at Tab I to the President.

Attachments

Tab I. - Schedule Proposal.
Tab II. - State memo (Pickering to Scowcroft), December 3, 1973.

Note: Time for mtg changed from 15 min to 10 min.

DECLASSIFIED

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL 73
Date: December 11, 1973
FROM: Henry A. Kissinger

MEETING: A call on you by O. Rudolph Aggrey, our new Ambassador to Senegal.

DATE: At your convenience between December 12 - 18.

PURPOSE: For our new Ambassador to Senegal to call on you briefly prior to his departure for his new post.

FORMAT:
-- In the Oval Office
-- For 10 minutes

SPEECH MATERIAL: Talking points to be provided.

PRESS COVERAGE: The White House photographer only.

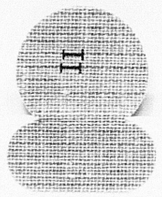
STAFF: General Scowcroft

RECOMMEND: Henry A. Kissinger
Stan Scott highly recommends.

BACKGROUND: Ambassador Aggrey is one of the leading Black Americans in the Foreign Service and is widely known here and in Africa. His father was a renowned West African educator. He accompanied Mrs. Nixon on her trip in 1972 to Liberia, Ghana and the Ivory Coast and received from you a commendatory letter for his outstanding performance in handling the details of that trip.

PRESS FOLLOWUP: Press briefer will announce the meeting after it takes place.

APPROVE _____ DISAPPROVE _____



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6532

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

December 3, 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR MAJOR GENERAL SCOWCROFT
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Appointment with President
for Ambassador Aggrey

Ambassador Aggrey will depart for his new post as American Ambassador to Senegal and The Gambia on December 20, and will be in the Department on consultation until then.

He would like to pay a brief courtesy call on the President prior to his departure to underscore the President's personal concern for the drought ravaged countries of Africa, including Senegal.

A biographic sketch of the Ambassador is attached.

Paul H. Blackburn
for Thomas R. Pickering
Executive Secretary

Attachment:

Biographic sketch.

DECLASSIFIED

O. RUDOLPH AGGREY
Directc Office of West African . .fairs
Foreign Service Information Officer, Class 1

O. Rudolph Aggrey was born in Salisbury, North Carolina July 24, 1926, the son of J.E. Kwegyir and Rose Douglass Aggrey. He received a BS degree in 1946 from Hampton Institute and a MS in 1948 from Syracuse University. Between 1947 and 1951 he served as Publicity Assistant for the United Negro College Fund, as a newspaper correspondent in Cleveland and New York and as Publicity Director of Bennett College in North Carolina. Mr. Aggrey entered the Department of State in 1951 and served at the American Consulate General in Lagos, Nigeria as Vice Consul and Information Officer. Transferred in 1953 to the United States Information Agency, he was assigned to Lille as Assistant Public Affairs Officer for Northern France. Subsequently, he served with USIS in Paris from 1954 to 1961, first as Assistant Cultural Affairs Officer, and from 1957 to 1961 as the first Director of the Rue du Dragon American Cultural Center.

Mr. Aggrey returned to Washington in 1961 as Deputy Public Affairs Adviser in the Department of State's Bureau of African Affairs. In this capacity he made seven trips to Africa, visiting almost every independent country and territory. During 1964-65, he was a fellow in the Center for International Affairs at Harvard University. He served as First Secretary and Deputy Public Affairs Officer in Kinshasa (then Democratic Republic of the Congo) from 1966 to 1968, when he returned to Washington as Program Manager of USIA's Motion Picture-TV Service. Mr. Aggrey became Director, Office of West African Affairs in the Department of State in June, 1970, and in November, 1972 was concurrently designated responsibility for Nigerian Affairs. He accompanied Mrs. Nixon on her visits to Liberia, Ghana, and Ivory Coast in 1972.

Mr. Aggrey received USIA's Meritorious Service Award in 1955, its Superior Service Award in 1960, the Hampton Institute Alumni Award in 1961, and was elected to North Carolina's Society of the Prodigal Son in 1964. He is married to the former Francoise Fratacci. They have a daughter, Roxane, born in 1970.

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	LOG NBR	INITIAL ACTION O
12	03	12	06	09	6532	Horan

SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES ____ KISSINGER ____ SCOWCROFT ✓

FROM: ROGERS Pickering ✓ ____ RICHARDSON ____ SCHLESINGER ____ ELIOT ____

UNCLAS ✓ ____ LOU ____ C X ____ S ____ TS ____

LOG IN/OUT ONLY ____ NO FORN ____ EYES ONLY ____ CODEWORD ____ SENSITIVE ____ NODIS ____ EXDIS ____

SUBJECT: Requests appt w/ Pres for O Rudolph Aggrey before departing for his Amb post in Senegal + Gambia on 12/20

REFERENCE: S/S 7323121 OTHER ____ NOT XEROXED ____

DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/SCOWCROFT	■		
STAFF SECRETARY (Farrar)		4	
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	✓		
MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA			
EUROPE / CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
NET ASSESSMENT GROUP			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			
OCEANS POLICY			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ..... ( )
MEMO FOR PRES. w/ SP ..... (✓)
REPLY FOR ..... ( )
APPROPRIATE ACTION ..... ( )
MEMO ____ TO ____ ..... ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ..... ( )
JOINT MEMO ..... ( )
REFER TO ____ FOR: ____ ( )
ANY ACTION NECESSARY? ..... ( )
CONCURRENCE ..... ( )
DUE DATE: (12/11)

COMMENTS: (INCLUDING SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS)
Index – Africa

IF NO ACTION, RETURN W/PROFILE FOR FILES. IF CONVENIENCE CY NEEDED, PLEASE INDICATE: ☐

SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS

DATE	FROM	TO	S	SUBSEQUENT ACTION REQUIRED (OR TAKEN)	CY TO
12/6		HAK	X	SGN SP ~~to Pres~~ (12/8)	
12/11		Parker, D	D	HAK sgd SP to Parker w/change	Farrar Horan
12/17				Recd Parker 12/15/73 memo	
12/17				Pres approved appt	
12/17		Davis	2	Notify State	Farrar Horan
12/17				Davis sgd memo to Aitkenhead	
12/17		Horan	5	Prepare talker (12/18)	
12/17		HAK	X	Talker for Pres (12/17)	
12/17		Pres	CIP	INFO / TALKER	
12/20			C	Noted by Pres	

NSC/S DISP INSTR

DISPATCH ____ NOTIFY ____ & DATE ____
SPECIAL DISPOSITION) ____
OR RECORD COMMENT:) ____
CY RQMTS: SEE ABOVE PLUS: ____
CROSS REF W/ ____ JOINED BY LOG # ____
SEE # ____ FOR FINAL ACTION & FILING.
SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: X

DEC 26 1973

MICROFILM & FILE RQMTS:

M/F'D ____ BY ____

CYS FOR) SA X
) HP ____
ORIG) WH X
TO) PA X
) SF ____
) NS ____
) EP ____
DESTROY) DY ____

GPO: 1973–489-668

DECLASSIFIED

29767

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

INFORMATION

June 23, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: Report on President's Meeting with President Senghor of Senegal

Attached is a memorandum on the conversation that took place at this June 18 meeting. I do not suggest that you read the memcon. President Senghor discussed at length his philosophy, his belief that a "world civilization" is evolving and the educational steps he is taking to prepare Senegal for full participation in that civilization. Senghor also expressed deep concern about growing Communist Chinese influence in Africa, particularly with his neighbors. The President assured Senghor that we fully understand his concern, and that our policy of gradually attempting to establish a healthier relationship with Communist China was not based on any underestimate of the danger which the Maoist philosophy poses to free nations. However, the President said that America's worldwide responsibilities force her to take a long and pragmatic view and that he was therefore trying to begin a process that would avoid the situation 25 years from now of a China still outside the international system with a billion people and a strong nuclear arsenal.

President Senghor assured the President that he did not intend to extend Senegal's territorial sea claims but broadly implied that he would be making claims to a broad exclusive fisheries zone. The President did not respond to Senghor's remarks on this subject.

Jeanne Davis has forwarded the attached memcon to Jon Huntsman for the President's files.

DECLASSIFIED

29767

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 23, 1971

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

PARTICIPANTS: The President
President Leopold Senghor of Senegal
Marshall Wright, NSC
Jose Deseabra, Interpreter

DATE & TIME: June 18, 1971 - 9:30 a.m.

PLACE: The Oval Office

After an initial exchange of greeting and amenities President Nixon asked President Senghor to speak to Senegal's problems and the state of relations between Senegal and the United States.

In responding President Senghor mentioned two broad categories of problems: (1) those relating to cultural and political independence and (2) those relating to cultural and economic development. He then made extensive references to his cultural and academic background, studies in French schools and universities where he was a classmate of Pompidou, and at the same time brought out the fact that for himself, as well as the Senegalese in general, the French language and culture, while very important, are only a complement since the roots of Senegal culture are essentially in black Africa. From his days in secondary schools in France Senghor endeavored to cultivate and enhance the values of the black African civilization. This latter was expressed by him in his statements about "negritude". He also traced the main phases of his country's accession to independent status within the framework of a French speaking union and the role played in those historic events by both Pompidou and DeGaulle.

Next he dealt more specifically with education and the reforms undertaken in his country. He pointed out some of the differences between Senegal's education system and that of France. He is giving great stress to the study of mathematics and technical and engineering subjects. At the present time half of the math professors in the university of Senegal are native, and it is expected that five years from now all of those as well as instructors in engineering and allied subjects will be Senegalese. Regarding linguistic problems, he mentioned the parallel existence of native languages, of French as a working language and, since 1964, of English being a required subject in

secondary and technical schools. He went on to describe the part played by Senegal in the Western world as both a West African and an Atlantic country that has had century-old relationships with Europe. He stated that the civilization of the future is now evolving, and that it will be an international and eclectic civilization, rather than a national and parochial one, with each component bringing in its own valuable contribution and sharing the contribution of all other components. For that reason he has advocated the entry of the UK into the European economic community with eventually the English speaking countries of Africa and of the West Indies also joining in a broader association. This is consistent with the idea of a world where different groups of civilizations live in a state of harmony and understanding.

As for Senegal's relations with the United States, those are a natural consequence of the relations of Senegal with Europe, and of the many black people throughout the Americas. Thus Africa feels closer to America than to Asia. In his view when an Afro-Asian meeting was called the presence of Latin America was deemed indispensable and he himself felt much closer to a Brazilian, for instance, than to a Chinese.

He mentioned in passing that his name was Portuguese, that he had Portuguese-named forebears and some Portuguese blood, as did some 100,000 other Senegalese. At this point President Nixon asked whether this could not create political difficulties for him, and President Senghor replied smiling, "Well, that is a political matter and of course that is something else". He then described the cultural pattern of Senegal as being one of a balanced blend in which an educated Senegalese would normally know, at least one of the native languages, French, and very likely English or another language. In this way he felt that more and more Senegalese were in a position to participate in a truly universal civilization.

During his recent trip throughout the United States where he had an opportunity to address university students, black as well as white, he pointed out that the civilization of the 21st century was being molded to a large extent in the United States. The reason why the United States was playing such an important role in shaping the future was not just because of its material wealth and power but perhaps mainly because of its creativity, enthusiasm, and youthful dynamism which are to be found in the United States to a greater extent than in Europe. Also the United States has this great responsibility of carrying on the tradition of blending within itself different ethnic groups such as the Anglo-Saxons, the Latins, Slavs, Germans, and also blacks.

When some black students in the United States asked him whether they should go back to Africa he replied in the negative, saying that if he were young he would want to come to the United States as a teacher because of the role played by the

United States in shaping the civilization of the future. He added that it was essential that the basic values of "negritude" with all its warmth and vitality be recognized and brought into a full participation in the overall pattern of American civilization. And that is why he believed in and supported the fullest measure of integration in the U.S. as being the only viable solution. It was important for the blacks to feel that they were contributing something to the cultural life of the country and not just acting as mere consumers of culture. That participation in cultural activities was for him a very important element on a par with improvement in the economic status.

In regard to political developments in Africa and Senegal he said at the outset that whatever disagreements might occur at times between his and the Western countries were of but minor importance. What constituted a danger for his country were a rather broad range of Communist activities. In Senegal itself the left wing student movement represented only 10%. He indicated that there had been a shift in Communist influence from the Russian, which was quite prevalent at the time of independence, to the much stronger present influence of Communist China which presented a definite danger since it came not directly from Peking but rather through Paris. It is this strong and well established French cultural influence that explains why certain Senegalese Communists will go to Moscow and upon their return will no longer be Communists, whereas many non-Communist individuals will go to Paris and come back Communists. While the Russian activities are watched, they are not considered particularly dangerous and as a matter of fact the President intends to visit the Soviet Union next year. As for the Chinese Communists they do present a definite danger through their activities out of Paris and out of their embassies in neighboring countries such as that in Nouakchott. Senegal has become a key target country in the Chinese Communist strategy pattern because of its growing political and economic importance. At the present time Senegal is surrounded by three countries, Mauritania, Mali and Guinea where the Chinese Communists are most active, not only in supplying funds but even in advocating violence. An example of that was an attempt by a group of black and French extremists to bomb the French cultural center during President Pompidou's visit to Senegal. However, since it is not too easy to keep a secret in Senegal the authorities were able to take appropriate measures.

Regarding the new policy toward the Chinese Peoples Republic on the part of the United States he understood the reasons of the United States and he himself has been supporting the admission of mainland China to the United Nations while at the same time keeping Taiwan in the organization. After all, there are more than 700 million Chinese and it is important to be able to talk with them. At one time he had to expel a number of Communist newspapermen from China and North Korea. This brought about assassination threats, but he remains undaunted in his determination to defend the independence of his country against any threats

on the part of the Russians and particularly of the Chinese. The Communist Chinese presence is a growing danger in many parts of Africa since they extend their activities from Somalie to Zambia and are moving more and more into West Africa. In Central Africa they have been very active in Congo (Brazzaville) and now his friend Ahidjo (of Cameroon) is faced with the presence of a Communist Chinese Embassy in his capital. Still he refuses to have the Chinese Communists represented in his country.

President Nixon said that he realized that the Communist Chinese danger was greater to a country like Senegal than that of Moscow. He mentioned the fact that the United States was entering into a new phase in its relations with the Chinese Peoples Republic on a restrained basis involving mainly trade. He stressed that he had no illusions about the designs of the CPR as well as those of the Soviets. He knew they intended to expand their influence wherever they could. Still, there is the need for developing some sort of modus vivendi and some sort of a live-and-let-live policy. The fact is that if 25 years from now the CPR, with more than one billion inhabitants is still outside the family of nations and has developed a major atomic arsenal, that country will have become a truly unacceptable danger. The President referred to the substantial progress made in the arms control discussions with the Soviets and added that even if a perfect agreement were arrived at between the US and the Soviets on arms control that would be of no use in the not too distant future because of the growing danger presented by the Chinese. He was trying to see events in their historic perspective. The US friendship for the Republic of China remains undiminished. But it is necessary to have a pragmatic outlook and think not just in terms of the present but of the future insofar as the leadership position of the United States is concerned. That position seems to require that some efforts be made to ameliorate Peking's isolation from most of the world. He was well aware that in today's world, in Africa, in Latin America, even in the United States, this new virus was at work, not that of Moscow but of Mao. Here a dangerous philosophy is involved, much more dangerous and effective than the rather crude efforts of the Soviets through their Comintern. While there seemed to be at times a certain idealism in the Soviet actions, the Maoists seemed to be bent on destruction for the sake of destruction, and their dangerous influence extends even to the United States. Even though the United States has made certain moves with regard to Peking it continues to bear in mind the fact that Peking intends to intervene in the internal affairs of countries in Asia, particularly Southeast Asia as well as in Latin America and that of course is a matter of concern to the United States. That being the situation it is heartening for the United States to have this contact with such an enlightened and understanding leader in Africa. The President said this was particularly so because there are some leaders in Latin America, Africa and Asia who are quite naive regarding the true essence of the conflict and who continue to consider the United States and other Western powers as imperialists, which had some truth at one time, but is no longer relevant.

Today, while the United States, France and the United Kingdom may be no angels, still colonialism is gone and the best hope for the less developed countries is to establish close ties of trade and investment with the so-called capitalists. In Africa there are different views from country to country regarding the extent of state control and of free enterprise, but it is important that in working for its development that Africa look to the North and to the West rather than to the East. He understood that President Senghor and his country must try to get along with many different countries but he was sure that President Senghor realized where there was the greatest measure of hope. Senegal is a country endowed with substantial material and human resources which can best be developed through private investment rather than through an impossible form of Communist state. The President said that the handling by the United States of its relations with its own black population is a very important factor in the overall pattern of relations with African countires, because if the blacks are deprived of adequate opportunities in the United States this will influence African countries who then may look elsewhere for leadership. He referred to the progress that has been made in the United States in racial matters. Then he concluded that part of his remarks by saying that each new country in Africa had to choose its own way. He referred to Senegal as a significant example of a constructive association with a former colonial power.

President Senghor then talked about economic matters. He made specific reference to the vital need for dams which are particularly important in a country where there is little rain. He referred to the assistance provided by certain specialized agencies of the United Nations and also the World Bank, with a specific reference to Mr. McNamara whom he considered a friend and with whom he was going to sign three agreements that afternoon. The other matter was that of the fishing industry which needed to be developed and in that connection he cited the issue of fishing waters as separated from territorial waters and mentioned the fact that Senegal had denounced the 1958 agreements regarding those waters. He had already been in touch with State Department Legal Adviser Stevenson and mentioned that an American special mission would be coming to Senegal to discuss territorial and fishing waters issues. Speaking of the territorial waters proper his country did not intend to push for a 200 mile limit such as that advocated by several Latin American countries. He understood the strategic implications of territorial waters for the United States and had also discussed that matter with the French. But as for fishing waters, he described that issue as one of life or death for his country, particularly since the Russians and the Chinese were more and more active in indiscriminate fishing off the coast of Senegal. He also mentioned that there are potential oil and iron resources in Senegal and that American companies had been granted prospecting licenses.

DECLASSIFIED

President Nixon indicated that it was the desire of the United States to cooperate with Senegal in its economic development. President Senghor concluded by saying that Senegal provided a favorable climate for investment and that he was sure that the United States would have a reasonable attitude regarding Senegalese plans about developing its fishing resources.

THE WHITE HOUSE

ACTION MEMORANDUM WASHINGTON **LOG NO.:** 29767

Date: June 22, 1971 **Time:** 2:00 p.m.

FOR ACTION: Mr. Marshall Wright **cc (for information):**

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: June 30, 1971 **Time:** 2:00 p.m.

SUBJECT:

Report for the President's File on his Meeting with President Leopold Sedar Senghor on Friday, June 18 1971 at 9:30 a.m.

ACTION REQUESTED:

X **For Necessary Action** ____ **For Your Recommendations**

____ **Prepare Agenda and Brief** ____ **Draft Reply**

____ **For Your Comments** ____ **Draft Remarks**

REMARKS:

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

JON M. HUNTSMAN
For the President

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	LOG NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
06	22	06	22	15	29167	Wright

LOG IN/OUT ONLY _____

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES _____ KISSINGER _____ HAIG _____ Wright

FROM: ELIOT _____ ROGERS, W _____ LAIRD, M _____ Huntsman, J.

U X LOU _____ C _____ S _____ TS _____

NO FORN _____ BUO _____ EYES ONLY _____ CODE WORD _____ SENSITIVE _____

NODIS _____ EXDIS _____ LIMDIS _____ RES DATA _____

SUBJECT: Request for report for Pres. file on his meeting with Pres. Senghor of Senegal on June 18.

REFERENCE: S/S _____ OTHER _____ NOT XEROXED _____

APP'TS: PRES _____ HAK _____ TALKER _____ MEMCON _____ DATE REQ. _____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG			
STAFF SECRETARY		X	
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	X		
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK with report on mtg. (X)
MEMO FOR PRES. ( )
REPLY FOR _____ SIGNATURE ( )
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ( )
MEMO _____ TO _____ ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ( )
JOINT MEMO ( )
REFER TO STATE ( )
ANY ACTION NECESSARY ( )
CONCURRENCE ( )
DUE DATE: 25 June

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
7/29		Haig	X	Forward to Huntsman (6/30)	
				OBE'd by HAK's office	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH _____ NOTIFY _____ DATE _____

SEE LOG _____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO _____

JOINED BY LOG _____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) _____

SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM

SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: _____

SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ____ NO ✓

MICROFILM DATA

DO _____ INIT _____ DATE _____

JUL 30 1971

ORIG) NSC _____
TO) PAF ✓
WHC _____
SUBF _____

★ GPO: 1971—412-412

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

(29538)

SECRET

ACTION

June 17, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: President's Meeting with Senegal President Senghor, 9:30 a.m., Friday, June 18, 1971.

Attached at Tab I is the talker.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you initial the memo to the President.

HAK
The memo now states that Wright will accompany President Senghor in call on President Nixon.
MW

I

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
6	15	6	16	9	29538	

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES X
KISSINGER
HAIG

FROM: ELIOT
ROGERS, W X
LAIRD, M

U
LOU
C
S X
TS

LOG IN/OUT ONLY
NO FORN
BUO
EYES ONLY
CODE WORD
SENSITIVE

NODIS
EXDIS
LIMDIS
RES DATA

SUBJECT: Talkers for Pres mtg with President Senghor of Senegal on Jun 18

REFERENCE: S/S 7108762 OTHER NOT XEROXED

APP'TS: PRES HAK TALKER MEMCON DATE REQ.

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG			
STAFF SECRETARY			
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	X		
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ( )
MEMO FOR PRES. (X)
REPLY FOR SIGNATURE ( )
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ( )
MEMO TO ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ( )
JOINT MEMO ( )
REFER TO STATE ( )
ANY ACTION NECESSARY ( )
CONCURRENCE ( )
DUE DATE: 6/17

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
0617	WRIGHT	HAK	X	Pres for info (0617)	
				No NSS req. Add to 29538	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH NOTIFY DATE

SEE LOG DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO

JOINED BY LOG COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE)

SPECIAL FILE RQMT: SA, HP, HM

SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS:

SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES NO

MICROFILM DATA
DO
INIT EMM
DATE JUL 27 1971
ORIG) NSC
TO) PAF
WHC
SUBF

★ GPO: 1971—412-412

35022

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

November 20, 1971

SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR JON HUNTSMAN

FROM: Jeanne W. Davis

SUBJECT: Report of President's Meeting with Senegal President Senghor.

Attached is the report for the President's file on his June 18 meeting with Senegal President Senghor.

Attachment

SECRET

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SECRET

June 18, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT'S FILE

FROM: HENRY A. KISSINGER

SUBJECT: Meeting with Leopold Senghor, President of Senegal, on Friday, June 18, 1971, at 9:40 a.m.

PARTICIPANTS: President Nixon
President Senghor
Marshall Wright, NSC Staff
Jose Deseabra, Interpreter

President Senghor had come to the United States to receive honorary degrees from three universities and had asked for the meeting with the President for a general exchange of views and in order to pay his respects. President Senghor spoke French throughout the meeting, save for the exchange of amenities at the beginning and end.

President Senghor began the meeting with an extensive account of his own academic and political background and of his views on civilization. While stressing his own personal and Senegal's national attachment to France and to French civilization Senghor emphasized that the roots of his country's past and its hopes for the future lay in a black African civilization. He described his concept of "negritude" and of its importance to black African development. He explained his concept that a world civilization is now evolving and that it will be an international eclectic one rather than a national and parochial one. He said that it was essential that each component of the world's population bring to the evolving civilization its own distinct contribution, and that therein lay the true value of "negritude." Senghor expressed the view that it was in the United States that this civilization of the future was primarily evolving.

Turning to political matters, Senghor stated that Senegal was a firmly pro-Western country, and that its occasional differences with one or another of its Western friends were of only minor importance. He said that the

real danger to Senegal came from a whole range of Communist activities and that the Chinese Communists were a greater danger than the Russians. Senghor said that Chinese Communist activities in Africa were directed out of Paris and thus enjoyed in Senegal and its neighbor countries the advantages of a strong French cultural influence in the area. Senghor said he understood the reasons for the new U.S. policy toward Peking and himself supported the PRC's entry into the UN, although he also thought that Taiwan should stay in the organization. Senghor stressed, however, that he was not willing to have the Chinese Communists represented in Senegal.

President Nixon then spoke to the new U.S. policy toward the PRC and the historical context in which it should be understood. The President stressed that he had no illusions about the designs of the PRC, and knew they would expand their influence wherever they could. Nonetheless, there was a need for developing some sort of modus vivendi with so large a country as the PRC. Otherwise, in 25 years, the PRC would represent more than a billion people, have a major atomic arsenal, but still be outside the family of nations. The President said that a situation of that kind presented truly unacceptable dangers. The President pointed to the substantial progress made in our conversations with the Soviets on arms control, but added that even if a perfect agreement with the Soviets were to be reached, it would soon be of no use because of the growing danger represented by the Chinese. The President said these events must be judged in an historical prospective, and that although the U.S. friendship for the Republic of China was undiminished it was nonetheless necessary to take a pragmatic approach to Peking in view of U.S. responsibilities for world leadership. Those responsibilities required that some effort be made to ameliorate Peking's isolation from most of the world.

The President said this was all the more necessary precisely because the Chinese brand of Communism was so virulent and constituted so real a danger to the underdeveloped countries of Asia, Africa, and Latin America. The President was glad to hear President Senghor discuss the Chinese threat in such realistic terms, for he knew that some of the leaders of the smaller countries still tended to view the ex-colonial powers as the major threat to their well-being. The President said that view had, at one time, had some truth, but was largely irrelevant to the present situation.

There was then a general discussion of economic matters with both Presidents agreeing to the importance of private investment to the progress of the developing countries. The meeting broke up as President Senghor took his leave about 10:30 and the President escorted him to his automobile.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 8, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: W. MARSHALL WRIGHT

FROM: JON M. HUNTSMAN

SUBJECT: Report for the President's File

This is just a note to remind you that you have not yet turned in to this office a Memorandum for the President's File on the following meeting:

1. Meeting with President Leopold Sedar Senghor and Mr. Marshall Wright on Friday, June 16, 1971 at 9:40 a.m.

Attached is a suggested format for your use in making this type of a report.

Thank you.

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	LOG NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
11	20	11	24	10	35022	

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES _____ KISSINGER _____ HAIG _____ HUNTSMAN

FROM: ELIOT _____ ROGERS, W _____ LAIRD, M _____ DAVIS

U ____ LOU ____ C ____ S X TS ____

LOG IN/OUT ONLY _____ NO FORN ____ BUO ____ EYES ONLY ____ CODE WORD ____ SENSITIVE ____

NODIS ____ EXDIS ____ LIMDIS ____ RES DATA ____

SUBJECT: Memcon of Pres mtg with Senegal Pres Senghor on Jun 18 '71

REFERENCE: S/S _____ OTHER _____ NOT XEROXED _____

APP'TS: PRES _____ HAK _____ TALKER _____ MEMCON _____ DATE REQ. _____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG	■		
STAFF SECRETARY			
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA			
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ( )
MEMO FOR PRES. ( )
REPLY FOR _____ SIGNATURE ( )
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ( )
MEMO _____ TO _____ ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ( )
JOINT MEMO ( )
REFER TO STATE ( )
ANY ACTION NECESSARY ( )
CONCURRENCE ( )
DUE DATE:

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*

Log in sent

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
11/24				Davis sgd memo to Huntsman	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH _____ NOTIFY _____ DATE _____

SEE LOG _____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO _____

JOINED BY LOG _____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) _____

SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM

SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: _____

SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ____ NO ____

MICROFILM DATA

NOV 29 1971

DO X INIT ____ DATE ____

ORIG) NSC ____
TO) G PAF X
WHC ____
SUBF ____

★ GPO: 1971—412-412

29139

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The President concurs with your opinion and has requested that you inform the Government of Senegal that the appointment of Andre´ Jean Coulbary as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Senegal to the United States would be agreeable to the Government of the United States.

Henry A. Kissinger

(29139)

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The President concurs with your opinion and has requested that you inform the Government of Senegal that the appointment of André Jean Coulbary as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Senegal to the United States would be agreeable to the Government of the United States.

Henry A. Kissinger

cc: Office of Chief of Protocol
General Haig
NSC Files w/incoming
WH files (Roberts) w/incoming
Central Files w/incoming
HAK Chron

FERondon:mm
June 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE (29139)

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1971

FOR: Jeanne Davis

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: Agrement - André Jean Coulbary - Ambassador to the US from Senegal

Attached is a memorandum from Dr. Kissinger to the Secretary of State concurring in the appointment of André Jean Coulbary as Ambassador of Senegal to the United States.

Attachment

29139

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

S/S - 7108137

June 4, 1971

Dear Mr. President:

The Government of Senegal has inquired whether our Government agrees to the appointment of André Jean Coulbary as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Senegal to the United States. A biography of Ambassador Coulbary is enclosed. A thorough review of United States Government records reveals no grounds for objection.

I believe this appointment would be satisfactory. If you concur, I shall be pleased to inform the Government of Senegal.

Respectfully,

Acting Secretary

Enclosure:
Biography.

The President,
The White House.

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT

DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

A RESTRICTED DOCUMENT OR CASE FILE HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ITEM REMOVED AND THE REASON FOR ITS REMOVAL, CONSULT DOCUMENT ENTRY NUMBER 6a ON EITHER THE DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD (GSA FORM 7279 OR NA FORM 1421) OR NARA WITHDRAWAL SHEET (GSA FORM 7122) LOCATED IN THE FRONT OF THIS FILE FOLDER.

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	LOG NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
06	04	06	05	09	29139	WRIGHT

LOG IN/OUT ONLY _____

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES XXXXXX
KISSINGER _____
HAIG _____

FROM: ELIOT _____
ROGERS, W XX
LAIRD, M _____

U _____ NO FORN _____ NODIS _____
LOU _____ BUO _____ EXDIS _____
C XX EYES ONLY _____ LIMDIS _____
S _____ CODE WORD _____ RES DATA _____
TS _____ SENSITIVE _____

SUBJECT: Agrement from Gov't of Senegal for appointment of Andre Jean Coulbary

REFERENCE: S/S 7108137 OTHER _____ NOT XEROXED _____

APP'TS: PRES _____ HAK _____ TALKER _____ MEMCON _____ DATE REQ. _____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG	[redacted]		
STAFF SECRETARY			X
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	XXXX		X
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ..... (_____)
MEMO FOR PRES. ..... (_____)
REPLY FOR _____ SIGNATURE ..... (_____)
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ..... (_____)
MEMO HAK TO ROGERS ..... (XX)
RECOMMENDATIONS ..... (_____)
JOINT MEMO ..... (_____)
REFER TO STATE ..... (_____)
ANY ACTION NECESSARY ..... (_____)
CONCURRENCE ..... (_____)
DUE DATE: 6/8/71

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*
Follow SP #8

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
6/8/71	MW	FR		Please do the necessary. MW	
6/9	Wright	NSC/S		HAK sgd memo to Rogers	
				[redacted] w/ copies to	

cc: Office of Chief of Protocol
General Haig
NSC Files w/incoming
WH files (Roberts) w/incoming
Central Files w/incoming
HAK Chron

6/9/71

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH _____ NOTIF
SEE LOG _____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO _____
JOINED BY LOG _____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) _____
SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM
SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: _____
SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ____ NO ____

MICROFILM DATA
DO _____
INIT _____
DATE _____
JUN 11 1971
ORIG) NSC
TO) PAF
WHC
SUBF

★ GPO: 1971—412-412

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE (29538)

WASHINGTON

SECRET INFORMATION

June 17, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: HENRY A. KISSINGER HK

SUBJECT: Your Meeting with President Leopold Senghor (SIN-gore), 9:30 a.m., Friday, June 18.

He is the President of Senegal (capital: Dakar; population: four million), here to receive honorary degrees from Harvard, UCLA, and Vermont. He is a man of parts, a French-language poet of genuine fame (original work and translations of T.S. Eliot), a renowned scholar and philosopher (the first African inducted into the French Academy of Moral and Political Science), and an accomplished politician (President since Senegal became independent in 1960). He is pro-West, anti-Communist, and our relations are very friendly despite our limited ties.

Points Senghor May Raise:

-- Peking's growing influence with his neighbors, Guinea, Mali, and Mauritania. Peking has offered to build a dam on the Senegal River, which serves all four states. Senghor may ask you for help in forestalling this effort through a multi-donor offer from the West on the same project.

Suggested Response: We would be willing to assist Senegal on suitable multilateral projects. (This project is not considered an attractive one, and is not likely to win much multi-donor support.)

-- Troubles with the Portuguese. Although Senegal tries to limit insurgent activity from its territory against Portuguese Guinea, it is not always successful, and the result has been frequent Portuguese border incursions. He may ask for your help in restraining the Portuguese.

Suggested Response: Our ability to influence Portugal on this problem has proved to be quite limited and we believe informal contacts between the two governments concerned may be the best way of handling this problem in the future, as they have been in the past.

Points You May Wish to Raise:

-- Review of Chirep policy: Senegal does not have relations with Peking and has, in the past, abstained on the Albanian Resolution. You might express our firm opposition to the expulsion of Taiwan from the UN and ask for Senghor's help in this effort.

-- At our request, Senghor agreed to delay extending Senegal's territorial sea claims. He is, however, under a good deal of pressure at home on this matter. You should thank him for his decision and stress the importance you attach to a successful 1973 Law of the Sea Conference.

Attached at Tab A is a memorandum from Secretary Rogers containing more extensive talking points. At Tab B is a biographic sketch of Senghor.

Marshall Wright of my staff will be present for the meeting, along with a State Department interpreter.

There will be a brief photo opportunity at the beginning of the meeting.

DECLASSIFIED

7108762

Tab A
29538

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

WASHINGTON

SECRET

June 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Courtesy Call by President Senghor of Senegal, June 18, 9:30 a.m.

President Senghor will be in the United States on a private visit from June 12 through 18. During his visit he will receive honorary doctoral degrees from the University of Vermont, UCLA, and Harvard. At his request you agreed to receive him for a courtesy call at 9:30 a.m., June 18. Following his meeting with you, President Senghor will be the guest of honor at a luncheon I am giving at 1:00 p.m. After leaving the United States that evening he will return home via Paris.

President Senghor speaks limited English, and will be accompanied by State Department Interpreter Jose De Seabra. Assistant Secretary Newsom will accompany Senghor when he calls on you, and will be available to participate in the conversation should you desire. Ambassador Fall of Senegal will also be present.

Our objective is mainly to offer the President of a country with which we have friendly relations the opportunity to exchange greetings with you. In the course of your discussion with President Senghor you will have the opportunity to reaffirm the interest of the United States in helping Senegal with appropriate regional and multi-donor assistance. You may also wish to use your meeting to express

SECRET

appreciation for Senghor's recent decision, at our behest, to delay until after the 1973 Law of the Sea Conference any unilateral extension of Senegal's fishing zone.

President Senghor's objective in seeking this courtesy call is to demonstrate the continuing friendly relations between Senegal and the United States. He has visited the United States twice before - in 1961, when he called on President Kennedy, and in 1966, when he called on President Johnson. He will also seek to discuss what he views as an increasingly threatening Communist Chinese presence in West Africa, and ask you about United States policy toward the Peoples' Republic of China.

William P. Rogers

Attachments:

1. Issues and Talking Points.
2. Biographic Data.

ISSUES AND TALKING POINTS

Issues We Should Raise

Senghor's Visit

President Senghor enjoys an international reputation as a cultural leader. His writings have won wide acclaim in the French-speaking world, and in a larger context have contributed to establishing an intellectual basis for African identification. His philosophy of "Negritude" is essentially a positive expression of the sum of black cultural values, including an emphasis on intuitive processes, and its application in the modern world. In political terms, "Negritude" expresses an eclectic idealism based on the communal traditions of Africa.

We recommend that you:

-- express your own keen interest in the African Continent, and your particular pleasure at meeting President Senghor, who has made such a personal contribution to Africa and to its cultural expression.

-- congratulate President Senghor on the honors recently given to him by three of America's most distinguished universities.

United States-Senegal Relations

The relations between our two countries are good. Senegal, whose major trading partner and aid donor is France, has received modest United States assistance since gaining independence in 1960. United States private investment in Senegal totals approximately $15 million. Since 1968 we have assisted Senegal through regional and multi-donor activities; no significant bilateral programs, with

the exception of PL 480, are anticpated in the near future.

We recommend that you:

-- express your pleasure that United States-Senegalese relations continue to be friendly.

-- restate the United States' desire to assist Senegal through regional and multi-donor programs.

-- note that our aid efforts in West Africa are concentrated in the agricultural sector, where we are fortunate to have expertise and resources to transfer to developing countries.

-- express your pleasure with Senegal's participation in the United States-sponsored Grain Stabilization program, which we hope will help resolve West Africa's chronic grain shortage problems.

Law of the Sea

Senegal recently considered extending its exclusive fisheries zone as far as 122 miles off the coast to halt active offshore fishing carried out by the Soviet Union, Japan, and Spain. In a meeting with Legal Adviser John R. Stevenson on May 20 in Dakar, President Senghor responded to our request for reconsideration by saying that he would ask the Council of Ministers not to take any unilateral action on extension of the fishing zone pending the 1973 Law of the Sea Conference, but will work actively for a satisfactory solution of fisheries problems through international channels. This position, if adhered to despite views of his subordinates who are urging unilateral action now,

will be very beneficial for the U.S. position since Senegal is a recognized leader among African states on fisheries matters.

We recommend that you:

-- thank President Senghor for his helpful decision on this question.

-- reiterate United States willingness to use its good offices with other countries to ensure protection of Senegal's offshore fishing interests pending a Law of the Sea Conference.

-- emphasize the importance of nations working together to build a new international order for the oceans.

-- express the hope that the U.S. and Senegal can cooperate on fisheries problems, and work together for a successful 1973 Law of Sea Conference that deals fairly with the interests of developing countries.

Other Issues

Communist Chinese Activity

President Senghor has indicated that he wishes to discuss Communist Chinese activity in West Africa with you. Senghor believes that Communist China is essentially racist and reckless as opposed to the Soviets, whom he regards as "prudent." He blames the Chinese for Senegal's civil disorders in 1968 and for his government's continuing problems with students and labor. While there is some Chinese influence at work in Senegal, the country's serious social and economic ills are the genuine causes of these problems. Communist China has recently offered unspecified assistance to the Organization

of Senegal River States (OERS: Senegal, Mauritania, Mali, and Guinea) in constructing a dam at Manantali in Mali which would benefit the four-nation region (estimated cost $113 million). The proposed dam is one of several projects suggested in a UNDP study of the development of the entire Senegal River Basin. Senghor fears he will be forced by the other members of the OERS to accept the Chinese offer and whatever quid pro quo accompanies the offer. Senegal is the only OERS member state which does not recognize Communist China and the only one not to vote in favor of last year's Albanian Resolution (Senegal abstained).

President Senghor may ask you for United States assistance within a multi-donor framework in order to counter the Chinese offer, and for a statement of United States policy toward the PRC.

If he raises the issue, we recommend that you:

-- restate the United States' hope that Africa not become an area of contest within a "Cold War" framework.

-- say that since assistance funds have become increasingly limited, we doubt that we could assist in so large a project as the Manantali Dam, but that the United States would be willing to join international agencies and other Western donors in examining other projects related to the development of the Senegal River Basin.

-- ask President Senghor if the PRC has informed the OERS of any quid pro quo regarding assistance for the Manantali project.

-- state that we consider it in our interest to improve practical relations with the PRC and to see Peking play a constructive role in world affairs.

-- reiterate our continued opposition to attempts to expel the Republic of China from the U.N.

-- express our hope for Senegal's support in seeking a reasonable and equitable solution to the Chinese representation question.

Portuguese Guinea

Incidents frequently occur on the border between Senegal and Portuguese Guinea. Senegal from time to time has complained in the United Nations about incursions into its territory, and about Portuguese shelling of villages near the frontier. On June 9 Senegal's Permanent Representative to the U.N. called on Ambassador Bush to discuss a Security Council meeting because of recent civilian casualties allegedly caused by Portuguese mines laid along the border. These incidents have resulted from guerrilla activities carried out by the African Party for the Independence of Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde (PAIGC), which has its headquarters in Conakry, but sometimes operates out of Senegal. Senegalese policy has been to restrict PAIGC activity within its territory.

President Senghor may raise this issue with you and ask for United States support in the United Nations, or that we use moral suasion with the Portuguese if further incidents occur.

If he raises this issue, we recommend that you:

-- say that continuous efforts at moral suasion have had little impact on Portugal which believes it is acting in its own best interests.

-- say that we understand informal contacts between Lisbon and Dakar have in the past been useful in easing these problems.

-- express the hope that these discussions will continue, our willingness to be helpful in this regard, and that recourse to the UN be used only after other approaches have been exhausted.

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT

DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

A RESTRICTED DOCUMENT OR CASE FILE HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ITEM REMOVED AND THE REASON FOR ITS REMOVAL, CONSULT DOCUMENT ENTRY NUMBER 7a ON EITHER THE DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD (GSA FORM 7279 OR NA FORM 1421) OR NARA WITHDRAWAL SHEET (GSA FORM 7122) LOCATED IN THE FRONT OF THIS FILE FOLDER.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

(29538)

SECRET

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: HENRY A. KISSINGER

SUBJECT: Your Meeting with President Leopold Senghor (SIN-gore), 9:30 am, Friday, June 18

He is the President of Senegal (capital: Dakar; population: four million), here to receive honorary degrees from Harvard, UCLA, and Vermont. He is a French-language poet and scholar of genuine fame as well as a consumate politician. He is pro-West, and our relations are very friendly despite our limited ties. Previously, he has met with President's Kennedy and Johnson.

Points Senghor May Raise:

-- Peking's growing influence with his neighbors, Guinea, Mali, and Mauritania, who want to accept Peking's offer to build a dam on the Senegal River, which all four share. Senghor hopes Western donors will offer to build the dam. Suggested Response: Suggest he discuss it with Secretary Rogers. (This project does not look good to us.)

-- Troubles with the Portuguese. Although Senegal tries to limit insurgent activity from its territory against Portuguese Guinea, it is not always successful, and the result has been frequent Portuguese border incursions. He may ask for your help in restraining the Portuguese. Suggested Response: We consider African borders inviolable, but our ability to influence Portugal on this problem has proved to be quite limited. Informal contacts between the two governments concerned may be the best way of handling this problem in the future, as they have been in the past.

Points You May Wish to Raise:

-- Our Chirep policy: Senegal does not have relations with Peking and has abstained on the Albanian Resolution. You might express our firm opposition to the expulsion of Taiwan and ask for Senghor's help in this effort.

-- At our request, Senghor agreed to delay extending Senegal's territorial sea claims. He is, however, under a good deal of pressure at home on this matter. You should thank him for his decision and stress the importance you attach to a successful 1973 Law of the Sea Conference.

Attached at Tab A is a memo from Secretary Rogers containing more extensive talking points. At Tab B is a biographic sketch of Senghor. Marshall Wright of my staff will be present for the meeting, along with a State Department interpreter.

DECLASSIFIED

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
6	17	6	17	10	79538	

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES ____ KISSINGER X HAIG ____

FROM: ELIOT ____ ROGERS, W ____ LAIRD, M. ____ Wright

U ____ LOU ____ C ____ S X TS ____

LOG IN/OUT ONLY ____ NO FORN ____ BUO ____ EYES ONLY ____ CODE WORD ____ SENSITIVE ____

NODIS ____ EXDIS ____ LIMDIS ____ RES DATA ____

SUBJECT: Talking Pts for Pres party with Senator

REFERENCE: S/S ____ OTHER ____ NOT XEROXED ____

APP'TS: PRES ____ HAK ____ TALKER ____ MEMCON ____ DATE REQ. ____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG	■		
STAFF SECRETARY			
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA			
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ( )
MEMO FOR PRES. ( )
REPLY FOR ____ SIGNATURE ( )
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ( )
MEMO ____ TO ____ ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ( )
JOINT MEMO ( )
REFER TO STATE ( )
ANY ACTION NECESSARY ( )
CONCURRENCE ( )
DUE DATE:

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
6/17		HAK		Pres for Info	
6/17		Pres		Info	
6/18				Noted By Pres	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH ____ NOTIFY ____ DATE ____

SEE LOG ____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO ____

JOINED BY LOG ____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) ____

SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM

SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: ____

SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ____ NO ____

MICROFILM DATA

DO X
INIT ____
DATE ____

ORIG) NSC ____
TO) PAF X
WHC ____
SUBF ____

★ GPO: 1971—412-412

28961

June 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVE PARKER

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: Visit of President Senghor

Senghor has accepted the change of his appointment with the President to 9:30 a.m. on June 18. He has also indicated his desire to fly from Boston to Washington on the late afternoon of June 17 and to accept the President's offer of Blair House for the evening of June 17 and until Senghor's departure on the afternoon of the 18th.

cc: Jeanne W. Davis

Dispatched @ 1215 7 June RS

MEMORANDUM NSC 28961

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL June 1, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: AL HAIG

SUBJECT: Date for Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

You asked if Senghor's call on the President could be shifted from June 18 to 17.

Senghor is receiving an honorary degree from Harvard on June 17 and will be occupied in Cambridge until about 4:00 p.m. that day. He will be on the West Coast before June 17.

We might propose to Senghor that he call on the President on the evening of June 17. However, this would probably involve providing a plane to bring him from Boston as well as overnight accommodations at Blair House.

We urge that Senghor not be asked to reschedule his visit. Aside from the difficulty of adjusting his and the President's schedule, we feel that it would be a mistake to risk giving offense to one of the most prestigious African leaders and one who is particuarly well disposed to the U.S. Though his country is one that would stand to benefit from following the lead of Brazil in asserting sovereignty over a large area of the South Atlantic, he has refrained from doing so, partly at our behest; and his continued cooperation will be important to us in the upcoming Law of the Sea Conference. In addition, we would not want to risk another blow-up similar to that which resulted from the cancellation last year of the visit of another important African leader, President Kaunda of Zambia.

Dispatched to Chapin 6/3 with Outside Receipt.
cc: Mrs. Davis/ Mr. Wright/ HAIG Chron/ PAFiles
ch 6/3

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

28961

CONFIDENTIAL June 1, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL HAIG

FROM: Keith Guthrie

SUBJECT: Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

Dwight Chapin has sent you the attached memorandum (TAB B) asking that Senghor's visit be rescheduled from June 18 to June 17.

I have checked with Marshall Wright and with State. Both oppose rescheduling Senghor. Their reasons for doing so are set forth in the attached memorandum for you to send to Dwight Chapin.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you sign the memorandum (TAB A) to Chapin or telephone him to urge that Senghor's call on the President remain on June 18.

28961

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 28, 1971
5:40 p.m.

MEMORANDUM FOR: AL HAIG

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: President Senghor of Senegal

Can President Senghor be moved from Friday, June 18, to Thursday, June 17? We need to know on this just as soon as possible.

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	LOG NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
05	28	05	31	12	28961	

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES ____ KISSINGER ____ HAIG XXXXX

FROM: ELIOT ____ ROGERS, W ____ LAIRD, M ____ Chapin, D

U XXX LOU ____ C ____ S ____ TS ____

LOG IN/OUT ONLY ____ NO FORN ____ BUO ____ EYES ONLY ____ CODE WORD ____ SENSITIVE ____ NODIS ____ EXDIS ____ LIMDIS ____ RES DATA ____

SUBJECT: Desire to Change date of Pres Senghor meeting with the Pres from June 18 to June 17

REFERENCE: S/S ____ OTHER ____ NOT XEROXED ____

APP'TS: PRES ____ HAK ____ TALKER ____ MEMCON ____ DATE REQ. ____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION

	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG			
STAFF SECRETARY	XXXX		X
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA		XXXX	X
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK (____)
MEMO FOR PRES. (____)
REPLY FOR ____ SIGNATURE (____)
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH (____)
MEMO ____ TO ____ (____)
RECOMMENDATIONS (____)
~~XXXXXXXXX JOINT MEMO~~ Appropriate Action (XXXXXX)
REFER TO STATE (____)
ANY ACTION NECESSARY (____)
CONCURRENCE (____)
DUE DATE: ASAP

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
6/1	DKG	Clay		Called State (Curran) - asked for recommendation	
6/1				Informed will 17th after 4 PM from Boston possibility - - will accept	
6/1	Dames	HAIG	X	Sgn memo to Chapin 0602	
6/3	Haig	NSC/S	C	Haig sgd memo to Chapin	
6-7	—			Wright sgd memo to Parker	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH ____ NOTIFY ____ DATE ____
SEE LOG ____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO ✓
JOINED BY LOG ____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) ✓
SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM
SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: ✓
SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ✓ NO ____

MICROFILM DATA
DO ✓ INIT ____ DATE ____
JUN 07 1971
ORIG) NSC ____
TO) PAF ✓ WHC ____ SUBF ____

* GPO: 1971—412-412

DECLASSIFIED

June 15, 1971

HAK:

The President meets with President Senghor of Sengal Friday at 9:30 a.m. Do you want to be present or do you prefer Marshall Wright to accompany?

I will attend _____

Have Wright attend _____

RTK

29765

June 23, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL HAIG

FROM: Marshall Wright
Jeanne W. Davis

SUBJECT: Mix-up in Senghor Appointment

Dwight Chapin has sent you a memo concerning a problem with the Senghor visit (Tab B).

On the matter of duration and ground-rules, State had been informed in writing that the appointment was for a 30-minute courtesy call. They had confirmed to us that Senghor had been so informed.

On the matter of participants, State understands clearly that the normal procedure is for the visiting dignitary, an interpreter, and either Dr. Kissinger or an NSC staff member to attend the meeting with the President, while other members of the party meet in the Cabinet Room with their US counterparts. In this case, although the Protocol officer with the group was, told both by Marshall Wright and by Steve Bull that Dave Newsom and the Ambassador were not to go into the Oval Office for the meeting, they in fact entered with Senghor and, after the picture-taking, were asked to leave.

Although the NSC staff was in no way responsible for the mix-up, we do not believe it necessary, to go into who-struck-John with Dwight over this episode. Therefore, we have prepared a reply for your signature assuring him that we will see to it that it doesn't happen again. I (Jeanne) will do a reminder to Ted Eliot to be sure all parts of State clearly understand the ground-rules.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you sign the memo at Tab A.

MEMORANDUM FOR DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: AL HAIG

SUBJECT: Your Memo of June 21 Concerning the Senghor Visit

Thanks for bringing to my attention the schedule mix-up on the Senghor visit. Marshall Wright, who attended the meeting, shared your distress over the ensuing awkwardness, and we have taken steps to ensure against a repetition.

The basic problem evidently stemmed from an assumption by the Protocol officer, although he had been told otherwise, that everyone permitted in the Cabinet Room was automatically included in the meeting in the President's office. They have been disabused of that notion.

We will make certain that on future such occasions, the appropriate State Department officers understand clearly and convey clearly to the visiting dignitaries who is to participate in the meeting with the President and how long the meeting is expected to last.

29364

June 14, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: President's Meeting with Senegal President Senghor

The following officials will accompany President Senghor and will be available during the President's 9:30 AM meeting on June 18:

Senegalese Ambassador Cheikh Ibrahima FALL

Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs David D. Newsom

Ambassador Mosbacher

Mr. Jose De Seabra (State Department interpreter)

MK, in his absence, MW (Senior NSC/S) will sit in

cc: Mr. Wright

Davis-FYI
(action to Wright)

R9364

7108623

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

June 10, 1971

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HENRY A. KISSINGER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: President's Meeting with Senegal's President Senghor

President Nixon has agreed to receive President Leopold Sedar Senghor of Senegal for a courtesy call at 9:30 a.m., June 18, 1971. President Senghor will be accompanied by Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs David D. Newsom, Senegalese Ambassador Fall, Ambassador Mosbacher or his representative, and State Department Interpreter Jose De Seabra. It would be appreciated if the Cabinet Room adjoining the President's Office could be reserved for those not participating in President Nixon's conversation with President Senghor.

CHEIKH IBRAHIMA FALL

Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

25961

June 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVE PARKER

FROM: Marshall Wright

SUBJECT: Visit of President Senghor

Senghor has accepted the change of his appointment with the President to 9:30 a.m. on June 18. He has also indicated his desire to fly from Boston to Washington on the late afternoon of June 17 and to accept the President's offer of Blair House for the evening of June 17 and until Senghor's departure on the afternoon of the 18th.

cc: Jeanne W. Davis

Davis

MEMORANDUM

NSC 28961

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL

June 1, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: AL HAIG

SUBJECT: Date for Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

You asked if Senghor's call on the President could be shifted from June 18 to 17.

Senghor is receiving an honorary degree from Harvard on June 17 and will be occupied in Cambridge until about 4:00 p.m. that day. He will be on the West Coast before June 17.

We might propose to Senghor that he call on the President on the evening of June 17. However, this would probably involve providing a plane to bring him from Boston as well as overnight accommodations at Blair House.

We urge that Senghor not be asked to reschedule his visit. Aside from the difficulty of adjusting his and the President's schedule, we feel that it would be a mistake to risk giving offense to one of the most prestigious African leaders and one who is particuarly well disposed to the U.S. Though his country is one that would stand to benefit from following the lead of Brazil in asserting sovereignty over a large area of the South Atlantic, he has refrained from doing so, partly at our behest; and his continued cooperation will be important to us in the upcoming Law of the Sea Conference. In addition, we would not want to risk another blow-up similar to that which resulted from the cancellation last year of the visit of another important African leader, President Kaunda of Zambia.

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

28961

CONFIDENTIAL June 1, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL HAIG

FROM: Keith Guthrie

SUBJECT: Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

Dwight Chapin has sent you the attached memorandum (TAB B) asking that Senghor's visit be rescheduled from June 18 to June 17.

I have checked with Marshall Wright and with State. Both oppose rescheduling Senghor. Their reasons for doing so are set forth in the attached memorandum for you to send to Dwight Chapin.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you sign the memorandum (TAB A) to Chapin or telephone him to urge that Senghor's call on the President remain on June 18.

2540 1

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 28, 1971
5:40 p.m.

MEMORANDUM FOR: AL HAIG

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: President Senghor of Senegal

Can President Senghor be moved from Friday, June 18, to Thursday, June 17? We need to know on this just as soon as possible.

DECLASSIFIED

NSC-27424 (24859)

CONFIDENTIAL

April 8, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for President Senghor of Senegal

Further to my memo of February 10, an appointment with the President for President Senghor has been set for June 18 at 11:30 AM. Please confirm acceptance.

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

cc: Mr. Wright

Will inform 30 minutes prior Thur Feb 9 memo

4/9

Daxinger - FYI
Ari. note to Wright.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal (24859)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Please get for me some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Thank you.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

NSC #24859

CONFIDENTIAL

February 10, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for Senegal President (S/S 17459)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Will you please give us some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

CONFIDENTIAL

374-74

NSC-374-74

CONFIDENTIAL

April 8, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for President Senghor of Senegal

Further to my memo of February 10, an appointment with the President for President Senghor has been set for June 18 at 11:30 AM. Please confirm acceptance.

Rgd JWD

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

cc: Mr. Wright

DECLASSIFIED

27424

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

The President will see President Senghor of Senegal at 11:30 a.m. on Friday, June 18.

In planning the President's calendar (and in making the decision as to whether or not the President will approve the appointment) it would be very useful to know in advance how much time we need to reserve for the appointment. Could you let me know as soon as possible on this one and furnish this information on future appointment requests?

Thank you.

nsc/s

(24859)

March 31, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN Attn: Daniel Parker

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In my memorandum to you of March 9, we asked for a date and time for President Senghor to call on the President.

The Senegalese Ambassador is trying to firm up Senghor's schedule but cannot do much until he learns when the Presidential appointment will take place.

Incidentally, in addition to the three honorary degrees which Senghor will be receiving from Harvard, UCLA and Vermont, he will also be made a member of the Black Academy of Arts and Letters. We believe that he will be the first foreigner to be so honored.

We'd appreciate what you can do to give us a date and time.

Attachment

Cpy of Davis-Chapin memo of March 9.

Dispatched 2 april. RJ

The Following Pages Are the Best Available.

24359

March 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In your memo of February 9 to Dr. Kissinger, you asked for some dates in connection with the private visit of President Senghor. As you will recall, the President approved a 30-minute office call. President Senghor will be in the US from June 12-18 and would be available to call on the President on the following dates:

Friday, June 18 -- This date would be most convenient and Senghor would be available all day.

Thursday, June 17 -- The ceremonies at Harvard should end at 4 PM, and Senghor could come to Washington in the evening;

Monday, June 14 -- President Senghor could travel to Washington from Vermont and be available from 4 PM to 6 PM. (A luncheon in his honor will end at 2:30 PM; a dinner to be given by the Governor of Vermont will begin at 8:30 PM);

Sunday, June 13 -- This date is reserved for Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

President Senghor is most anxious to meet with the President during his visit here and is prepared to arrange his schedule, where possible, accordingly.

May we have a date and time.

cc: Mr. Wright ←

DECLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

24859

March 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In your memo of February 9 to Dr. Kissinger, you asked for some dates in connection with the private visit of President Senghor. As you will recall, the President approved a 30-minute office call. President Senghor will be in the US from June 12-18 and would be available to call on the President on the following dates:

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Sunday, June 13 -- This date is reserved for Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

President Senghor is most anxious to meet with the President during his visit here and is prepared to arrange his schedule, where possible, accordingly.

May we have a date and time.

DISPATCHED 3/12/71 {RB}

24859

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

S/S-7102996
NSC-24859
CONFIDENTIAL

March 1, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HENRY A. KISSINGER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Appointment with President for Senegalese President (NSC #24859)

The Senegalese Embassy has informed the Department that President Senghor could be available to meet with the President on the following dates:

1. June 18, 1971 - This date would be most convenient and President Senghor would be available all day;

2. June 17, 1971 - The ceremonies at Harvard University should end at 4:00 p.m., and President Senghor could come to Washington in the evening;

3. June 14, 1971 - President Senghor could travel to Washington from the University of Vermont (Burlington) and be available from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. (A luncheon in Senghor's honor will end at 2:30; a dinner to be given by the Governor of Vermont will begin at 8:30).

For your information, President Senghor's schedule is as follows, with a Washington stopover depending on the date of a call on the President.

June 12 - Arrive Burlington, Vermont, from Paris via Montreal (Senghor will receive a doctorate honoris causa and participate in a colloquium on African literature).

DECLASSIFIED

June 15

8:00 a.m.	Depart Burlington for Boston
9:45 a.m.	Depart Boston for Los Angeles
12:38 p.m.	Arrive Los Angeles (On morning of June 16 Senghor will receive a doctorate honoris causa from UCLA.)

June 16

1:00 p.m.	Depart Los Angeles
9:03 p.m.	Arrive Boston (On June 17 Senghor will receive a doctorate honoris causa from Harvard University.)

June 18

9:00 p.m.	Depart Boston for Paris

The date of June 13 is reserved for President Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

Theodore L. Eliot Jr.

Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

NSC #24859

CONFIDENTIAL

February 10, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for Senegal President (S/S 17459)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Will you please give us some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

CONFIDENTIAL

Repeated 2/16/71 w/ authentic sign
cc: Winget

NSC #24859

CONFIDENTIAL

February 10, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for Senegal President (S/S 17459)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Will you please give us some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

cc: Mr. Wright

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL (24859)

CONFIDENTIAL February 10, 1971

FOR: Jeanne Davis

FROM: F. E. Rondon FR

SUBJECT: Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

I assume that the next step is for you to get dates from State. A suggested memorandum for Ted Eliot is attached.

Attachment

Cc - Marshall Wright

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal (24859)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Please get for me some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Thank you.

DECLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 18, 1971

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR: GENERAL AL HAIG

FROM: L. HIGBY

SUBJECT: Visits by Foreign Dignitaries to U.S. University Campuses

We had set up a system whereby all visits by foreign dignitaries to U.S. campuses were checked with the President before they were OK'd.

Bob feels that this no longer needs to be continued but we need to make sure that your people and those people at State are kept constantly aware of the possible negative effects of having foreign visitors visit our campuses, especially to attend large public gatherings.

I have attached any approved visits for President Senghor of Senegal to Harvard, UCLA and Vermont.

These no longer need to be forwarded to us but, as I indicated above, each week's requests should be examined carefully.

MEMORANDUM

(24859)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR HENRY KISSINGER ACTION

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

President Leopold Senghor of Senegal is coming to the United States on a private visit in mid-June. Harvard, California and Vermont are going to award him honorary degrees. Senghor wants to call on the President and as a respected, moderate leader deserves to. Also, we would not want to sour his public honors with a failure to receive him at the White House.

RECOMMENDATION

That you initial the attached memorandum to the President.

Attachment

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

OK

FY

FOR YOUR APPROVAL

24859

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: LARRY HIGBY

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit to the US by President Senghor of Senegal

President Senghor has been invited to the US in June to accept honorary degrees from the Universities of Harvard, UCLA and Vermont. He would also like to pay a courtesy call on the President. However, this request will be handled in a separate recommendation to the President.

If there is no objection, we will so inform the Department of State.

.24859

THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

January 5, 1971

S/S 17459

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

Recommendation:

That you receive Leopold Senghor, President of the Republic of Senegal, when he comes to the United States in June 1971 on a private visit.

Approve_____ Disapprove_____

Background:

The Department has been approached by the Senegalese Ambassador with the request that you receive President Senghor for a courtesy call in June 1971, when he visits the United States to receive honorary degrees from Harvard, UCLA and the University of Vermont.

President Senghor has an international reputation as a cultural and political leader. Senegal is a moderate African State with which we have traditional cordial relations. Our views on international issues usually coincide. Senegal welcomes American private investment, which amounts to $15 million now and is increasing.

In view of the above considerations, I believe you would find it useful to receive President Senghor for a brief courtesy call during his visit to the United States.

William P. Rogers

DECLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM

(24859)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR HENRY KISSINGER ACTION

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

President Leopold Senghor of Senegal is coming to the United States on a private visit in mid-June. Harvard, California and Vermont are going to award him honorary degrees. Senghor wants to call on the President and as a respected, moderate leader deserves to. Also, we would not want to sour his public honors with a failure to receive him at the White House.

RECOMMENDATION

That you initial the attached memorandum to the President.

Attachment

DECLASSIFIED

(24859)

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR HENRY KISSINGER ACTION

FROM: Marshall Wright

SUBJECT: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

President Leopold Senghor of Senegal is coming to the United States on a private visit in mid-June. Harvard, California and Vermont are going to award him honorary degrees. Senghor wants to call on the President and as a respected, moderate leader deserves to. Also, we would not want to sour his public honors with a failure to receive him at the White House.

RECOMMENDATION

That you initial the attached memorandum to the President.

Attachment

FERondon:mm

(24859)

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Henry A. Kissinger

SUBJECT: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

President Senghor of Senegal is coming to the United States in mid-June to receive honorary degrees from Harvard, UCLA and Vermont. He would like to call on you. Given our good relations with Senegal and Senghor's great cultural prestige in Africa, it would be fitting for Senghor to cap his university honors with a call on you.

Secretary Rogers recommends that you receive Senghor (Tab I) and I concur.

RECOMMENDATION

If your schedule permits, that you agree to receive President Senghor during his June private visit to the United States.

Will see Senghor ____ Will not see Senghor ____.

Attachment
Tab I.

24859

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: LARRY HIGBY

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit to the US by President Senghor of Senegal

President Senghor has been invited to the US in June to accept honorary degrees from the Universities of Harvard, UCLA and Vermont. He would also like to pay a courtesy call on the President. However, this request will be handled in a separate recommendation to the President.

If there is no objection, we will so inform the Department of State.

cc: Mr. Wright

DECLASSIFIED

Mrs. Davis
FYI

action - Wright
Can be - talk
Tower, Flood

24859

THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

June 15 '6
V closed

January 5, 1971

S/S 17459

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

Recommendation:

That you receive Leopold Senghor, President of the Republic of Senegal, when he comes to the United States in June 1971 on a private visit.

Approve_____ Disapprove_____

Background:

The Department has been approached by the Senegalese Ambassador with the request that you receive President Senghor for a courtesy call in June 1971, when he visits the United States to receive honorary degrees from Harvard, UCLA and the University of Vermont.

President Senghor has an international reputation as a cultural and political leader. Senegal is a moderate African State with which we have traditional cordial relations. Our views on international issues usually coincide. Senegal welcomes American private investment, which amounts to $15 million now and is increasing.

In view of the above considerations, I believe you would find it useful to receive President Senghor for a brief courtesy call during his visit to the United States.

William P. Rogers

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE 158

PAGE 01 DAKAR 00046 051845Z

50
ACTION AF-19

INFO OCT-01 SS-20 NSC-10 RSR-01 RSC-01 /052 W
060244

R 051700Z JAN 71
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 7365

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE DAKAR 046

SUBJ: SENGHOR VISIT

REF: STATE 208813

ON OCCASION NEW YEAR RECEPTION DIPLOMATIC CORPS PRESIDENT SENGHOR AGAIN MENTIONED TO ME HIS JUNE TRIP TO US TO RECEIVE HONORARY DEGREES. TOLD ME THAT SINCE OUR LAST CONVERSATION HE HOW HAS RECEIVED INVITATION FROM THIRD INSTITUTION, UNIV. VERMONT. WHILE RESTATING HIS EARLIER DESIRE TO INCLUDE WASHINGTON STOP ON ITINERARY, HE DID NOT SPECIFICALLY REQUEST MY SUPPORT SEEKING APPOINTMENT WITH PRESIDENT NIXON. I AM SURE THIS WILL COME, HOWEVER, PERHAPS WHEN WE HAVE DINNER AT PALACE TOMORROW NIGHT. I SHALL BE PREPARED REITERATE RESERVATIONS EXPRESSED BY ASST. SEC. NEWSOM TO AMB FALL (REFTEL). AT SAME TIME I HOPE MR. NEWSOM AND DEPT. WILL DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE ARRANGE BRIEF TIME WITH PRESIDENT AND GIVE WASHINGTON VISIT SOME SEMI-OFFICIAL CHARACTER. I KNOW I NEED NOT REVIEW SENGHOR'S ATTRIBUTES AND IMPORTANCE, BUT I WOULD LIKE TO MAKE PLEA FOR SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR ONE OF AFRICA'A GREAT LEADERS AT TIME WHEN WE LIMITED AS TO MATERIAL SUPPORT AVAILABLE TO SENEGAL. AND SENGHOR, I DO BELIEVE, CAN MAKE CONTRIBUTION TO OUR CONTINUING DIALOGUE WITH AFRICA.
CLARK

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE 017

PAGE 01 STATE 208813

17
ORIGIN AF-19

INFO OCT-01 SS-20 NSC-10 RSR-01 RSC-01 /052 R

66663
DRAFTED BY:AF/W:ORAGGREY
APPROVED BY:AF - DAVID D. NEWSOM
S/S - MR. BREWSTER

---------- 001855

R 240148Z DEC 70
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE STATE 208813

1. IN MEETING WITH ASSISTANT SECRETARY NEWSOM DECEMBER 22 AMBASSADOR FALL RAISED PRESIDENT SENGHOR'S DESIRE TO CALL ON PRESIDENT NIXON IN JUNE, 1971 WHEN SENGALESE LEADER SCHEDULED TO RECEIVE HONORARY DEGREES AT VERMONT (JUNE 10 TO 13) UCLA (JUNE 16) AND HARVARD (JUNE 17). FALL SAID SINCE SENGHOR RECEIVING THESE NUMEROUS AND IMPORTANT AMERICAN MARKS OF ESTEEM AND WOULD BE IN US FOR SEVERAL DAYS, SENEGALESE PRESIDENT DESIRED VISIT WASHINGTON FOR COURTESY CALL ON PRESIDENT NIXON. WHILE THIS WOULD NOT BE OFFICIAL VISIT, FALL HOPED IT COULD BE GIVEN SOME OFFICIAL CHARACTER.

2. NEWSOM REPLIED PRESIDENT SENGHOR RESPECTED BY US LEADERS AND DEPARTMENT WOULD CERTAINLY ASSIST HIM DURING HIS PRIVATE VISIT. WE WOULD REPORT TO SECRETARY QUESTION CALL ON PRESIDENT NIXON. HOWEVER, VISIT WAS SIX MONTHS AWAY AND PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE NOT ESTABLISHED SO FAR IN ADVANCE. DEFINITE ANSWER PROBABLY WOULD NOT BE POSSIBLE EARLIER THAN ONE MONTH BEFORE ACTUAL TRIP.

3. PRESIDENT NIXON HAS DEEP INTEREST IN AFRICA BUT WITH VAST RESPONSIBILITIES AS CHIEF OF STATE, GOVERNMENT, AND PARTY IN VERY COMPLEX SOCIETY AND COUNTRY, PRESIDENT UNABLE ACCEDE TO ALL REQUESTS OF FOREIGN LEADERS FOR MEETINGS.

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

IN THOSE CASES WHERE HE UNABLE TO DO SO, WE PARTICULARLY ANXIOUS THIS NOT BE INTERPRETED AS LACK OF INTEREST IN CONTINUING DIALOGUE WITH AFRICA.

4. AMBASSADOR FALL SAID HE UNDERSTOOD SITUATION AND WOULD AWAIT FURTHER WORD. ROGERS

Carpe

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE 145

PAGE 01 DAKAR 03929 141245Z

54
ACTION AF-18

INFO OCT-01 SS-20 NSC-10 CPR-02 USSS-00 SY-03 CU-05 P-03

PRS-01 USIA-12 CIAE-00 INR-08 NSAE-00 RSC-01 RSR-01

/085 W

---------- 009218

R 141110Z NOV 70
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 7104

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE DAKAR 3929

1. AT PRESIDENT SENGHOR'S REQUEST DCM SAW HIM NOV 14 TO INTRODUCE DAUGHTERS WHO ENROLLED DAKAR UNIVERSITY. (PRESIDENT HAD PREVIOUSLY TOLD DCM HE WOULD PERSONALLY REVIEW DAUGHTERS' ACADEMIC PROGRAM.)

2. PRESIDENT IN EXCELLENT SPIRITS DESPITE QUICK TRIP PARIS ATTEND DE GAULLE FUNERAL. MAJOR PART MEETING DEVOTED ACADEMIC PROGRAM DCM'S DAUGHTERS. PRESIDENT, HOWEVER, TOOK ADVANTAGE DISCUSSION TO STATE THAT ALTHOUGH HE HAD NOT HAD OPPORTUNITY TO MORE THAN NOD TO PRESIDENT NIXON AT DE GAULLE'S FUNERAL SERVICE NOTRE DAME, HE HAD NOW DEFINITELY DECIDED ACCEPT HONORARY DEGREES FROM HARVARD AND UNIV CALIF MAY 1971.

3. COMMENT: FROM FOREGOING IT CLEAR THAT PRESIDENT SENGHOR WOULD BE DELIGHTED OPPORTUNITY MEET PRESIDENT DURING COURSE VISIT TO US MAY 1971.
CLARK

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

Cache

CONFIDENTIAL 841

PAGE 01 STATE 025305

21
ORIGIN AF-19

INFO OCT-01 CPR-02 PM-05 H-02 NSC-10 O-03 OPR-02 P-03

RSC-01 SS-20 SY-03 USIA-12 PRS-01 CIAE-00 INR-08

NSAE-00 /092 R

66662
DRAFTED BY:AF/W:A.E.FAIRCHILD
APPROVED BY:AF:AMBASSADOR WITMAN
AF/W:O.R.AGGREY
S/S:MR.BREWSTER
---------- 088724

R 130136Z FEB 71
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR

C O N F I D E N T I A L STATE 025305

SUBJ: SENGHOR VISIT

WHITE HOUSE HAS APPROVED HALF-HOUR COURTESY CALL ON PRESIDENT NIXON DURING SENGHOR'S PRIVATE VISIT JUNE. YOU ARE REQUESTED SO INFORM GOS AT LEVEL YOU DEEM APPROPRIATE AND NOTIFY DEPT. WE WILL THEREAFTER CONFIRM TO AMB. FALL AND COORDINATE DATE AND TIME ARRANGEMENTS WITH HIM. FYI, WE WILL ALSO ATTEMPT ARRANGE HIGH LEVEL DEPT LUNCHEON FOR SAME DAY AS CALL ON PRESIDENT.

GP-3. IRWIN

(24859)

March 31, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN
attn David Parker

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In my memorandum to you of March 9, we asked for a date and time for President Senghor to call on the President.

The Senegalese Ambassador is trying to firm up Senghor's schedule but cannot do much until he learns when the Presidential appointment will take place.

Incidentally, in addition to the three honorary degrees which Senghor will be receiving from Harvard, UCLA and Vermont, he will also be made a member of the Black Academy of Arts and Letters. We believe that he will be the first foreigner to be so honored.

We'd appreciate what you can do to give us a date and time.

Attachment

Cpy of Davis-Chapin memo of March 9.

Reminded 3/23

24859

March 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In your memo of February 9 to Dr. Kissinger, you asked for some dates in connection with the private visit of President Senghor. As you will recall, the President approved a 30-minute office call. President Senghor will be in the US from June 12-18 and would be available to call on the President on the following dates:

Friday, June 18 -- This date would be most convenient and Senghor would be available all day.

Thursday, June 17 -- The ceremonies at Harvard should end at 4 PM, and Senghor could come to Washington in the evening;

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Sunday, June 13 -- This date is reserved for Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

President Senghor is most anxious to meet with the President during his visit here and is prepared to arrange his schedule, where possible, accordingly.

May we have a date and time.

cc: Mr. Wright

For the attention of:

Carol

LS No. 21515
T-125/R-XXXIV
French

SCHEDULE OF THE TRIP TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

OF HIS EXCELLENCY LEOPOLD SEDAR SENGHOR,

PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SENEGAL

(JUNE 12 - 18, 1971)

TRIP	DATE	FLIGHT NUMBER	DEPARTURE	ARRIVAL
PARIS - MONTREAL	June 12, 1971	AF 031	11:00 a.m.	12:20 p.
MONTREAL - BURLINGTON	June 12, 1971		1:00 p.m.	1:30 p.
BURLINGTON - BOSTON	June 15, 1971		8:00 a.m.	8:45 a.
BOSTON - LOS ANGELES	June 15, 1971	TWA	9:45 a.m.	12:38 p.
LOS ANGELES - BOSTON	June 16, 1971	AA 142	1:00 p.m.	9:03 p.
BOSTON - PARIS	June 18, 1971	AF 028	9:00 p.m.	9:00 a.m

Embassy of Senegal

Washington, D.C.

TENTATIVE SCHEDULE OF THE VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OF HIS EXCELLENCY LEOPOLD SEDAR SENGHOR, PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SENEGAL

VERMONT

Saturday, June 12	12:20 p.m.	Arrival at Dorval (Montreal) Met by the Prime Minister of Quebec
	1:30 p.m.	Arrival at Burlington. Met by the university authorities and the Governor of the State of Vermont. Military honors. The Head of State will stay at the home of the President of the University and his suite at a hotel.
	Evening	Cocktails and dinner at 112 Williams
Sunday, June 13	8:30 - 9:30 a.m.	Private mass
	10:30 a.m.	Procession
	11:00 a.m.	Ceremonies begin. Introduction of the recipient. Speech by the recipient. Awarding of the degree. Close of the ceremonies.
	Afternoon	Free Visit to: Shelburne Museum ? Stowe ?
	8:00 p.m.	Official dinner limited to 60 guests

Monday, June 14	9:00 a.m.	Rest - Private Coffee - Waterman Building, 5th floor
		Introduction of President Senghor to all the Symposium participants.
	10:00 a.m.	Opening of the Symposium - Speech
	12:30 p.m.	Luncheon
	2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.	Continuation of the Symposium
	7:30 p.m.	Afro-Canadian Film Evening at Votey Auditorium
	8:00 p.m.	Private dinner (tentatively)
Tuesday, June 15	8:00 a.m.	Departure for Boston.
		Same ceremony as upon arrival.
		The Symposium continues.
CALIFORNIA		
Tuesday, June 15	12:38 p.m.	Arrival at Los Angeles
	8:00 p.m.	Official dinner in honor of President Senghor (black tie)
Wednesday, June 16	11:00 a.m.	Procession - arrival at the University Stadium - awarding of degrees
	12:00 p.m.	Luncheon
	1:00 p.m.	Departure for Boston
MASSACHUSETTS		
Wednesday, June 16	9:30 p.m.	Arrival at Boston
Thursday, June 17	8:15 a.m.	Procession
		Commencement ceremony

	12:00 p.m.	Luncheon with the university authorities and the recipients
	2:00 p.m.	Alumni exercise Speeches by the university authorities, the Governor, students, recipients.
	4:00 p.m.	Close of ceremonies Rest for the remainder of the evening
<u>Friday, June 18</u>		
Beginning at	10:00 a.m.	Cultural activites (to be determined)
	12:00 p.m.	Luncheon with the world of "Big Business" of the State of Massachusetts (plans under way) Rest for the remainder of the afternoon
	9:00 p.m.	Departure for Paris.

3

CONFIDENTIAL

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Memorandum of Conversation

DATE: March 3, 1971
TIME: 4:30 P.M.
PLACE: Mr. Newsom's Office

SUBJECT: U.S.-SENEGALESE RELATIONS

PARTICIPANTS: Ambassador Cheikh Ibrahima FALL, Embassy of Senegal
Mr. Samba Ba, Embassy of Senegal
Mr. David D. Newsom, AF
Mr. O. Rudolph Aggrey, AF/W
Mr. Albert E. Fairchild, AF/W

DISTRIBUTION:
AF-2
AF/W-2
AFR/CWR
S/S
WHITE HOUSE
S/CPR
Amembassy DAKAR

SENGHOR VISIT

Mr. Newsom officially informed Ambassador Fall that the White House had approved a 30 minute courtesy call on President Nixon by President Senghor, providing that a mutually convenient date could be found. The Ambassador thanked Mr. Newsom and presented him with an outline of President Senghor's schedule as it had been arranged to date (copy attached). He explained that Senghor's schedule was quite crowded due to the small amount of time (one week) which was available for the academic programs at the University of Vermont, Harvard, and UCLA. Mr. Newsom expressed the hope that the schedule might be flexible enough to allow for a visit to Washington on a date other than June 18 if that should prove inconvenient for President Nixon; he suggested that one possible alternative might be arranged if Senghor began his visit in Washington on June 12. The Ambassador said this could be arranged if necessary, and noted that the only problem with the existing schedule, was that no transportation had been arranged as yet for the Montreal-Burlington-Boston segment of the trip.

GRAIN STABILIZATION

Mr. Newsom expressed the Department's pleasure that Prime Minister DIOUF had taken a personal interest in this AID program and that

AF/W:AEFairchild:hg
(Drafting Office and Officer)
3/5/71

FORM DS-1254
2-65

CONFIDENTIAL

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1971 MAR 12 PM 5 11
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the GOS had recently given a favorable response to our offer. The Ambassador asked for a brief explanation of the program, which Mr. Aggrey then provided. Ambassador Fall observed that the program appeared well conceived, but noted that rice and millet were also important to Senegal in addition to the sorghum provided in the Grain Stabilization Program. He then asked if any progress had been made on the request he had presented in December for a rice purchase under PL 480, Title I. Mr. Fairchild replied that the Department had not been informed that the GOS had requested this sale from our mission in Dakar, to which the formal request should be submitted (N.B., when the Ambassador made this request in December he noted that it was complimentary to an official request to be made in Dakar). The Ambassador then asked if the OERS Secretariat would be supervising the delivery of sorghum within the Grain Stabilization Program. Mr. Aggrey replied that at this stage, even though the program was regional in character, individual country programs were being handled on a bilateral basis. Mr. Newsom then expressed his pleasure that the OERS continued to make progress in spite of the recent difficulties following the events in Guinea.

SHERATON HOTEL

The Ambassador said that the recent letter from EXIM which reopens the loan and guarantee commitment contained stringent requirements which would pose great difficulties for the GOS. He noted that the equity capital required had been set at $1.2 million, of which only $300,000 could be in the form of a subordinate loan. Additionally, he observed that the conditions imposed on the subordinate loan (e.g., interest no greater than 7%, no payment on principal until other loans paid up, no payment on interest unless other loan payments current) would make it next to impossible to arrange. Mr. Newsom suggested that the Ambassador raise this question first with EXIM directly and then inform the Department of the results. Mr. Newsom added that while the Department appreciated the problems of all investors in the hotel project, we understand that the terms offered by EXIM represent normal procedure. The Ambassador said he would discuss this problem with EXIM in the following week.

AID CONTACTS FOR SENEGAL

The Ambassador noted that he had raised the question of Senegal's being approved as a supplier under aid contracts two years ago, and that he had recently reopened the question again. He said that such approval would be most beneficial to Senegal, given the fact that it is one of the most industrialized states in West Africa and could offer many useful products (e.g., fertilizers). Mr. Newsom replied that we would ask AID to give prompt response to his request.

NEGRITUDE CONFERENCE

The Ambassador noted that Union Progessiste Senegalaise (UPS) would be sponsoring a Conference on Negritude in Dakar from April 12-19. President Senghor plans to invite a number of Americans to attend this conference, and the Ambassador wished simply to inform Mr. Newsom. Mr. Newsom replied that the Department would be as helpful as possible in making the necessary contacts. The Ambassador thanked Mr. Newsom.

Attachment:

President Senghor's Program for US Visit

LS No. 21515
T-125/R-XXXIV
French

SCHEDULE OF THE TRIP TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

OF HIS EXCELLENCY LEOPOLD SEDAR SENGHOR,

PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SENEGAL

(JUNE 12 - 18, 1971)

TRIP	DATE	FLIGHT NUMBER	DEPARTURE	ARRIVAL
PARIS - MONTREAL	June 12, 1971	AF 031	11:00 a.m.	12:20 p.m.
MONTREAL - BURLINGTON	June 12, 1971		1:00 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
BURLINGTON - BOSTON	June 15, 1971		8:00 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
BOSTON - LOS ANGELES	June 15, 1971	TWA	9:45 a.m.	12:38 p.m.
LOS ANGELES - BOSTON	June 16, 1971	AA 142	1:00 p.m.	9:03 p.m.
BOSTON - PARIS	June 18, 1971	AF 028	9:00 p.m.	9:00 a.m.

DECLASSIFIED

Embassy of Senegal

Washington, D.C.

TENTATIVE SCHEDULE OF THE VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OF HIS EXCELLENCY LEOPOLD SEDAR SENGHOR, PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SENEGAL

VERMONT

Saturday, June 12	12:20 p.m.	Arrival at Dorval (Montreal) Met by the Prime Minister of Quebec
	1:30 p.m.	Arrival at Burlington. Met by the university authorities and the Governor of the State of Vermont. Military honors. The Head of State will stay at the home of the President of the University and his suite at a hotel.
	Evening	Cocktails and dinner at 112 Williams
Sunday, June 13	8:30 - 9:30 a.m.	Private mass
	10:30 a.m.	Procession
	11:00 a.m.	Ceremonies begin. Introduction of the recipient. Speech by the recipient. Awarding of the degree, Close of the ceremonies.
	Afternoon	Free Visit to: Shelburne Museum ? Stowe ?
	8:00 p.m.	Official dinner limited to 60 guests (black tie)

Monday, June 14	9:00 a.m.	Rest - Private Coffee - Waterman Building, 5th floor
		Introduction of President Senghor to all the Symposium participants.
	10:00 a.m.	Opening of the Symposium - Speech
	12:30 p.m.	Luncheon
	2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.	Continuation of the Symposium
	7:30 p.m.	Afro-Canadian Film Evening at Votey Auditorium
	8:00 p.m.	Private dinner (tentatively)
Tuesday, June 15	8:00 a.m.	Departure for Boston.
		Same ceremony as upon arrival.
		The Symposium continues
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Tuesday, June 15	12:38 p.m.	Arrival at Los Angeles
	8:00 p.m.	Official dinner in honor of President Senghor (black tie)
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MASSACHUSETTS		
Wednesday, June 16	9:30 p.m.	Arrival at Boston
Thursday, June 17	8:15 a.m.	Procession
		Commencement ceremony

	12:00 p.m.	Luncheon with the university authorities and the recipients
	2:00 p.m.	Alumni exercise Speeches by the university authorities, the Governor, students, recipients.
	4:00 p.m.	Close of ceremonies Rest for the remainder of the evening
<u>Friday, June 18</u>		
Beginning at	10:00 a.m.	Cultural activites (to be determined)
	12:00 p.m.	Luncheon with the world of "Big Business" of the State of Massachusetts (plans under way) Rest for the remainder of the afternoon
	9:00 p.m.	Departure for Paris.

DECLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

27424

April 22, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for Senegalese President

This will confirm the appointment with the President for President Senghor of Senegal for June 18 at 11:30 AM, for 30 minutes.

Dupstitt 4/22

27424
added

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

7105169

CONFIDENTIAL

April 21, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HENRY A. KISSINGER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Appointment with President for Senegalese President

The Senegalese Embassy has confirmed the acceptance by President Senghor of Senegal for the appointment with President Nixon scheduled for June 18 at 11:30 a.m.

Nicholas Platt
for Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary

CONFIDENTIAL

37424

NSC-~~37424~~

CONFIDENTIAL

April 8, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for President Senghor of Senegal

Further to my memo of February 10, an appointment with the President for President Senghor has been set for June 18 at 11:30 AM. Please confirm acceptance.

Rgd JWD

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

cc: Mr. Wright

27424

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

The President will see President Senghor of Senegal at 11:30 a.m. on Friday, June 18.

In planning the President's calendar (and in making the decision as to whether or not the President will approve the appointment) it would be very useful to know in advance how much time we need to reserve for the appointment. Could you let me know as soon as possible on this one and furnish this information on future appointment requests? (30 minutes)

Thank you.

nsc/s

(24859)

March 31, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN Attn: Denis Parker

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In my memorandum to you of March 9, we asked for a date and time for President Senghor to call on the President.

The Senegalese Ambassador is trying to firm up Senghor's schedule but cannot do much until he learns when the Presidential appointment will take place.

Incidentally, in addition to the three honorary degrees which Senghor will be receiving from Harvard, UCLA and Vermont, he will also be made a member of the Black Academy of Arts and Letters. We believe that he will be the first foreigner to be so honored.

We'd appreciate what you can do to give us a date and time.

Attachment

Cpy of Davis-Chapin memo of March 9.

Dispatched 2 april. RJ

24859

March 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In your memo of February 9 to Dr. Kissinger, you asked for some dates in connection with the private visit of President Senghor. As you will recall, the President approved a 30-minute office call. President Senghor will be in the US from June 12-18 and would be available to call on the President on the following dates:

Friday, June 18 -- This date would be most convenient and Senghor would be available all day.

Thursday, June 17 -- The ceremonies at Harvard should end at 4 PM, and Senghor could come to Washington in the evening;

Monday, June 14 -- President Senghor could travel to Washington from Vermont and be available from 4 PM to 6 PM. (A luncheon in his honor will end at 2:30 PM; a dinner to be given by the Governor of Vermont will begin at 8:30 PM);

Sunday, June 13 -- This date is reserved for Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

President Senghor is most anxious to meet with the President during his visit here and is prepared to arrange his schedule, where possible, accordingly.

May we have a date and time.

cc: Mr. Wright

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

24859

March 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal

In your memo of February 9 to Dr. Kissinger, you asked for some dates in connection with the private visit of President Senghor. As you will recall, the President approved a 30-minute office call. President Senghor will be in the US from June 12-18 and would be available to call on the President on the following dates:

Friday, June 18 -- This date would be most convenient and Senghor would be available all day.

Thursday, June 17 -- The ceremonies at Harvard should end at 4 PM, and Senghor could come to Washington in the evening;

Monday, June 14 -- President Senghor could travel to Washington from Vermont and be available from 4 PM to 6 PM. (A luncheon in his honor will end at 2:30 PM; a dinner to be given by the Governor of Vermont will begin at 8:30 PM);

Sunday, June 13 -- This date is reserved for Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

President Senghor is most anxious to meet with the President during his visit here and is prepared to arrange his schedule, where possible, accordingly.

May we have a date and time.

DISPATCHED 3/12/71 {RB}

24859

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

S/S-7102996
NSC-24859
CONFIDENTIAL

March 1, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HENRY A. KISSINGER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Appointment with President for Senegalese President (NSC #24859)

The Senegalese Embassy has informed the Department that President Senghor could be available to meet with the President on the following dates:

1. June 18, 1971 - This date would be most convenient and President Senghor would be available all day;

2. June 17, 1971 - The ceremonies at Harvard University should end at 4:00 p.m., and President Senghor could come to Washington in the evening;

3. June 14, 1971 - President Senghor could travel to Washington from the University of Vermont (Burlington) and be available from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. (A luncheon in Senghor's honor will end at 2:30; a dinner to be given by the Governor of Vermont will begin at 8:30).

For your information, President Senghor's schedule is as follows, with a Washington stopover depending on the date of a call on the President.

June 12 - Arrive Burlington, Vermont, from Paris via Montreal (Senghor will receive a doctorate honoris causa and participate in a colloquium on African literature).

June 15

8:00 a.m.	Depart Burlington for Boston
9:45 a.m.	Depart Boston for Los Angeles
12:38 p.m.	Arrive Los Angeles (On morning of June 16 Senghor will receive a doctorate honoris causa from UCLA.)

June 16

1:00 p.m.	Depart Los Angeles
9:03 p.m.	Arrive Boston (On June 17 Senghor will receive a doctorate honoris causa from Harvard University.)

June 18

9:00 p.m.	Depart Boston for Paris

The date of June 13 is reserved for President Senghor's participation in the colloquium at Vermont. If necessary his absence from this day's activities might be arranged.

Theodore L. Eliot Jr.

Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

NSC #24859

CONFIDENTIAL

February 10, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Appointment with President for Senegal President (S/S 17459)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Will you please give us some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Jeanne W. Davis
Staff Secretary

CONFIDENTIAL

Dispatched 2/10/71 w/ outside recpt
cc: Wright

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL (24859)

CONFIDENTIAL February 10, 1971

FOR: Jeanne Davis

FROM: F. E. Rondon FR

SUBJECT: Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

I assume that the next step is for you to get dates from State. A suggested memorandum for Ted Eliot is attached.

Attachment

Cc - Marshall Wright

24859

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal (24859)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Please get for me some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Thank you.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 18, 1971

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR: GENERAL AL HAIG

FROM: L. HIGBY

SUBJECT: Visits by Foreign Dignitaries to U.S. University Campuses

We had set up a system whereby all visits by foreign dignitaries to U.S. campuses were checked with the President before they were OK'd.

Bob feels that this no longer needs to be continued but we need to make sure that your people and those people at State are kept constantly aware of the possible negative effects of having foreign visitors visit our campuses, especially to attend large public gatherings.

I have attached an approved visit for President Senghor of Senegal to Harvard, UCLA and Vermont.

These no longer need to be forwarded to us but, as I indicated above, each week's requests should be examined carefully.

MEMORANDUM

(24859)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR HENRY KISSINGER ACTION

FROM: Marshall Wright MW

SUBJECT: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

President Leopold Senghor of Senegal is coming to the United States on a private visit in mid-June. Harvard, California and Vermont are going to award him honorary degrees. Senghor wants to call on the President and as a respected, moderate leader deserves to. Also, we would not want to sour his public honors with a failure to receive him at the White House.

RECOMMENDATION

That you initial the attached memorandum to the President.

Attachment

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

ok

FY

FOR YOUR APPROVAL

24859

January 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: LARRY HIGBY

FROM: JEANNE W. DAVIS

SUBJECT: Private Visit to the US by President Senghor of Senegal

President Senghor has been invited to the US in June to accept honorary degrees from the Universities of Harvard, UCLA and Vermont. He would also like to pay a courtesy call on the President. However, this request will be handled in a separate recommendation to the President.

If there is no objection, we will so inform the Department of State.

24859

THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

January 5, 1971

S/S 17459

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Request for Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal

Recommendation:

That you receive Leopold Senghor, President of the Republic of Senegal, when he comes to the United States in June 1971 on a private visit.

Approve_____ Disapprove_____

Background:

The Department has been approached by the Senegalese Ambassador with the request that you receive President Senghor for a courtesy call in June 1971, when he visits the United States to receive honorary degrees from Harvard, UCLA and the University of Vermont.

President Senghor has an international reputation as a cultural and political leader. Senegal is a moderate African State with which we have traditional cordial relations. Our views on international issues usually coincide. Senegal welcomes American private investment, which amounts to $15 million now and is increasing.

In view of the above considerations, I believe you would find it useful to receive President Senghor for a brief courtesy call during his visit to the United States.

William P. Rogers

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC MO	DOC DA	RECD MO	RECD DA	RECD HR	OG NBR	INITIAL ACTION OFF
04	07	04	08	14	27424	

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES ____ KISSINGER X HAIG ____

FROM: ELIOT ____ ROGERS, W ____ LAIRD, M ____ Chapin

U X LOU ____ C ____ S ____ TS ____

LOG IN/OUT ONLY ____ NO FORN ____ BUO ____ EYES ONLY ____ CODE WORD ____ SENSITIVE ____ NODIS ____ EXDIS ____ LIMDIS ____ RES DATA ____

SUBJECT: Private Visit of President Senghor of Senegal 11:30 - Fri. June 18.

REFERENCE: S/S ____ OTHER ____ NOT XEROXED ____

APP'TS: PRES ____ HAK ____ TALKER ____ MEMCON ____ DATE REQ. ____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG			
STAFF SECRETARY	X		
FAR EAST			
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA		X	X
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA			
EUROPE/CANADA			
LATIN AMERICA			
UNITED NATIONS			
ECONOMIC			
SCIENTIFIC			
LR PLANNING			
PROGRAM ANALYSIS			
NSC PLANNING			
CONGRESSIONAL			

ACTION REQUIRED

MEMO FOR HAK ( )
MEMO FOR PRES. ( )
REPLY FOR ____ SIGNATURE ( )
FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH ( )
MEMO ____ TO ____ ( )
RECOMMENDATIONS ( )
JOINT MEMO ( )
REFER TO STATE ( )
~~NO~~ ACTION NECESSARY (X)
CONCURRENCE ( )
DUE DATE: 04/12

COMMENTS: *(Including Special Instructions)*
JOINED BY #24859.

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
4/8	DAVIS	ELIOT	D	CONFIRMATION (04/15)	
04/22	State	reply rec'd.			
04/22	NSC/S	DAVIS	S	further action (04/22)	
4/22	NSC/S	JWD		forward memo to Chapin confirming	
4/22				Davis sgd return to Chapin	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH ____ NOTIFY ____ DATE ____
SEE LOG ____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO ____
JOINED BY LOG ____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) ____
SPECIAL FILE RQMT: ____ SA, ____ HP, ____ HM
SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: ____
SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES ____ NO X

MICROFILM DATA
DO ____ INIT ____
APR 26 1971 DATE ____
ORIG) NSC A ____
TO) PAF X
WHC ____
SUBF ____

★ GPO: 1971—412-412

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

FROM: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

SUBJECT: Appointment for Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of Senegal (24859)

The President has approved receiving President Senghor for a half hour courtesy call during his June private visit to the United States. Please get for me some dates when President Senghor could be available to meet with the President.

Thank you.

FYI - AH
HK
cc: DH

STAFF HAS ACTION

Wright

EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

WH

SECRET 3102

PAGE 01 DAKAR 03971 161236Z

50
ACTION SS-30

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 /031 W
---------- 001557

R 161150Z JUL 74
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 7718

S E C R E T DAKAR 3971

EXDIS

E.O. 11652: GDS
TAGS: PFOR, US, KN, KS, SG
SUBJ: NORTH KOREAN BID TO NEGOTIATE

REF: STATE 138774

I DISCUSSED KOREAN ISSUE WITH PRESIDENT SENGHOR AS INSTRUCTED REFTEL AND LEFT AIDE MEMOIRE. HE EXPRESSED APPRECIATION FOR ATTENTION USG HAD GIVEN HIS INITIATIVE AND SAID HE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD OUR POSITION.
AGGREY

'74 JUL 16 PM 4:13
WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

NOT TO BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

SECRET

37

FORM 9-66 DS-1652

EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 8890

PAGE 01 DAKAR 03922 131142Z

47
ACTION SS-30

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 SSO-00 NSCE-00 /031 W
---------- 111139

R 131115Z JUL 74
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 7686

S E C R E T DAKAR 3922

EXDIS

E.O. 11652: GDS
TAGS: PFOR, US, KN, KS, SG
SUBJ: NORTH KOREAN BID TO NEGOTIATE

REF: A. STATE 138774
B. DAKAR 3921

I WILL DISCUSS KOREAN ISSUE, AS INSTRUCTED REFTEL A, WITH PRESIDENT SENGHOR AT 1800 GMT JULY 15. SHOULD THERE BE FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS IN OUR POSITION ON KOREAN ISSUE SINCE REFTEL A, I WILL BE GLAD TO CONVEY THESE TO SENGHOR, IF SO INSTRUCTED. WOULD APPRECIATE ADVICE BY 1500 GMT JULY 15.
AGREY

'74 JUL 15 AM 8:21
WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

NOT TO BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM
74 JUN 6 PM 8:16

SECRET 8918

PAGE 01 DAKAR 03038 061142Z

11
ACTION SS-30

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 /031 W
---------- 047168

P 061100Z JUN 74
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 7148

S E C R E T DAKAR 3038

EXDIS

EO 11652: XGDS 1
TAGS: PFOR, US, KN, KS, SG
SUBJ: NORTH KOREAN BID TO NEGOTIATE

1. PRESIDENT SENGHOR INFORMED ME JUNE 5 THAT DURING HIS RECENT VISIT TO PYONGYANG, KIM IL SUNG CHARGED HIM WITH MESSAGE FOR UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. KIM IL SUNG SAID DPKR WOULD WELCOME SECRET NEGOTIATIONS WITH USG ON FUTURE OF KOREA. NORTH KOREAN LEADER TOLD SENGHOR HE FELT DPKR'S ENEMY IN THE PACIFIC IS JAPAN NOT US. WHAT NORTH KOREA SEEKS IS CONFEDERATION, NOT SUPPRESSION OF SOUTH KOREA, AND WITHIN THAT CONFEDERATION THERE WOULD BE PLACE FOR US INFLUENCE IN SOUTH.

2. SENGHOR SAID HE TOLD KIM IL SUNG HE WOULD PASS MESSAGE TO USG THROUGH ME. I TOLD SENGHOR I WOULD REPORT HIS DEMARCHE TO WASHINGTON, ALONG WITH OFFER WHICH HE MADE TO CONVEY TO KIM IL SUNG ANY MESSAGE WE MIGHT WISH TO SEND THROUGH SENEGALESE CHANNEL.
AGGREY

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE 016

Scowcroft
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PAGE 01 DAKAR 04551 111222Z

45
ACTION AF-18

INFO OCT-01 EUR-25 IO-15 ISO-00 NEA-10 USIE-00 CIAE-00

DODE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00 PA-03 RSC-01 PRS-01 SPC-03

PM-07 NSC-10 SS-15 SSO-00 DRC-01 /120 W
073730

R 111145Z OCT 73
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 4769
INFO AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY PARIS
USMISSION USUN NY

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE DAKAR 4551

EO 11652: N/A TAGS: PFOR, IS, SG, XF
SUBJ: SENEGALESE RELATIONS WITH ISRAEL

DEPT PASS TEL AVIV, CAIRO IF APPROPRIATE

PASS USIA/MEDIA REACTION

1. PRESIDENT SENGHOR HAS MADE FOLLOWING DECLARATION IN INTERVIEW WITH LOCAL LE MONDE CORRESPONDENT WITH RESPECT TO SENEGAL'S POSITION ON MIDDLE EAST:

" SENEGAL'S POINT OF VIEW HAS NOT CHANGED. THERE WILL BE NO PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST WITHOUT NEGOTIATIONS. AND THERE WILL BE NO NEGOTIATIONS UNLESS THE TWO SUPERPOWERS INTERVENE IN CONCERT AND ESPECIALLY UNLESS ISRAEL MAKES A DECLARATION OF NON-ANNEXATION. THE BLOODY CHARACTER OF THE FIGHTING UNDERWAY IN SINAI AND ON THE GOLAN HEIGHTS REQUIRES THE SUPERPOWERS AND THE SECURITY COUNCIL TO INTERVENE. THEY MAY DO IT TODAY WITH GREATER CHANCE OF SUCCESS. IN FACT, THERE IS A NEW ELEMENT: THE PRESENCE OF KISSINGER AT THE

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FORM DS-1652

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

HEAD OF THE DEPT OF STATE.
BECAUSE HE IS OF JEWISH ORIGIN, AT THE SAME TIME
ENDOWED WITH GREAT INTELLIGENCE AND GREAT INTUITION,
HE IS BOUND TO SUCCEED. ISRAEL CANNOT RESIST AMERICAN
PRESSURE. SO MUCH THE LESS BECAUSE NO ARAB STATE IS
TALKING OF PUSHING THE ISRAELIS INTO THE SEA NOR OF
DENYING ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO EXIST AS A NATION.

WHAT, INDEED, IS IN QUESTION, IS MORE URGENTLY, THE
LEGITIMACY OF TERRITORIAL CONQUEST BY FORCE OF ARMS, AND,
MORE FUNDAMENTALLY, THE RIGHT OF THE PALESTINIAN ARABS,
MOSLEMS AND CHRISTIANS, TO SELF-DETERMINATION."

2. MINISTER OF INFORMATION DAOUDA SOW IN COURSE OF PRESS
CONFERENCE AFTER THE WEEKLY CABINET MEETING, COVERING
SEVERAL TOPICS, DECLARED THAT SENEGAL STANDS WITH THE ARABS
(LE SENEGAL EST SOLIDAIRE DES ETATS ARABES), BUT BELIEVES
PEACE CAN ONLY COME THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS. HE ADDED, BEST
WAY TO HELP THE ARABS WOULD BE TO ASSIST THE TWO PARTIES TO
SEEK FRUITFUL AND POSITIVE DIALOGUE.

3. COMMENT: PRESIDENT SENGHOR'S BELIEF THAT SECRETARY
KISSINGER IS THE MAIN HOPE FOR AN EARLY MIDDLE EAST
SETTLEMENT HAS COME THROUGH ALSO IN PRIVATE CONVERSATIONS
THIS WEEK WITH AN AMERICAN VISITOR AND WITH THE NEW BRITISH
AMBASSADOR FOLLOWING THE LATTER'S PRESENTATION OF CREDENTIALS
YESTERDAY.
CLARK

NOTE BY OC/T: NOT PASSED TEL AVIV OR CAIRO.

3

FORM 9-66 DS-1652

NE|NO|NEL

EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 070

PAGE 01 DAKAR 04504 091207Z

44
ACTION SS-25

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 SSO-00 /026 W
---------- 051036

R 091130Z OCT 73
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 4744
INFO USMISSION USUN NEW YORK

S E C R E T DAKAR 4504
EXDIS
NOFORN

EO 11652: GDS
TAGS: PFOR, XFSG
SUBJ: SENGHOR ON MIDDLE EAST FIGHTING

1. ALTHOUGH MY FAREWELL CALL ON PRESIDENT SENGHOR TODAY WAS ESSENTIALLY PROTOCOLAIRE, DURING BRIEF TETE A TETE HE DID RAISE SUBJECT OF MIDDLE EAST FIGHTING. SENGHOR SAID HE IS CONVINCED THAT ARAB OBJECTIVES ARE LIMITED IN TERRITORIAL SENSE. HE BELIEVES THAT THEY WISH TO REGAIN SOME LOST GROUND, ESPECIALLY STRIP OF LAND EAST OF CANAL IN ORDER TO REGAIN CONTROL OF THAT WATERWAY. THEY ALSO DESIRE SOUNDER BASE FOR FUTURE BARGAINING AND NEGOTIATION WITH ISRAEL.

2. PRESIDENT REFERRED TO HIS EFFORTS AS CHAIRMAN OF OAU WISE MAN'S COMMITTEE TO HELP FIND SOLUTION TO MIDDLE EAST PROBLEM. HE IS CONVINCED THAT THIS EFFORT MIGHT HAVE ACHIEVED SOME SUCCESS, BUT WAS FRUSTRATED BY THE INTRANSIGENCE OF GOLDA MEIR. SINCE HIS WORK ON THE COMMISSION, HE HAS REPEATEDLY URGED THE ISRAELIS TO MAKE SOME CONCESSIONS AS BASIS OF COMPROMISE, PARTICULARLY A DECLARATION OF RENUNCIATION OF PORTIONS OF OCCUPIED TERRITORY. HOWEVER, HE SAID MRS MEIR IS STRONGEST "MAN" IN ISRAELI GOVERNMENT AND HAS REFUSED TO BUDGE.

3. SENGHOR TOLD ME HE HOPED THAT SECRETARY KISSINGER

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FORM

EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET

PAGE 02 DAKAR 04504 091207Z

WOULD GIVE MIDDLE EAST PROBLEM TOP PRIORITY IN HIS EFFORTS TO FIND SOLUTIONS TO WORLD PROBLEMS. I POINTED OUT TO PRESIDENT THAT US HAD TAKEN LEAD IN RAISING ME IN SC. REFERRING TO HIS WISE MAN'S COMMISSION, WHICH STILL EXISTS IN THEORY, SENGHOR SAID HE STANDS PREPARED TO OFFER THE SECRETARY ANY ASSISTANCE WHICH MR KISSINGER MIGHT FIND HELPFUL.

4. DURING LINCH YESTERDAY FOR DAVID ROCKEFELLER, PRESIDENT MADE SAME OFFER, REQUESTING MR ROCKEFELLER TO CONVEY HIS MESSAGE TO THE SECRETARY, WHOM HE KNEW WAS A CLOSE PERSONAL FRIEND.
CLARK

NOTE BY OC/T: EXDIS CAPTION ADDED PER DAKAR 4507.

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FORM DS-1652

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT

DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

A RESTRICTED DOCUMENT OR CASE FILE HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ITEM REMOVED AND THE REASON FOR ITS REMOVAL, CONSULT DOCUMENT ENTRY NUMBER 26 ON EITHER THE DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD (GSA FORM 7279 OR NA FORM 1421) OR NARA WITHDRAWAL SHEET (GSA FORM 7122) LOCATED IN THE FRONT OF THIS FILE FOLDER.

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 6341

PAGE 01 STATE 140137

46
ORIGIN SS-30

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 SSO-00 NSCE-00 /031 R

'74 JUN 29 AM 10:09
WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

SECRET

DRAFTED BY AF/W:JWVINCENT:BF
APPROVED BY AF/C:APALMER
AF - JJBLAKE
AF/W - RKSHERWOOD
S/S:WHLUERS
073200

O 281705Z JUN 74
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR IMMEDIATE

S E C R E T STATE 140137

EXDIS

E.O. 11652: GDS
TAGS: PFOR, US
SUBJECT: CONGO-B PREMIER'S RECEPTION

REF: DAKAR 3588

1. APPROVE YOUR REQUEST TO ATTEND PREMIER LOPEZ'S RECEPTION IN HONOR GOS PM DIOUF.

2. US NEVER BROKE RELATIONS WITH CONGO-B, RATHER SUSPENDED THEM BY WITHDRAWING EMBASSY BRAZZAVILLE STAFF IN 1965 AND TURNING OVER PROTECTION USG INTERESTS TO FRG EMBASSY BRAZZAVILLE. LOW-LEVEL SOCIAL CONTACTS OCCUR AT UN AND ELSEWHERE.

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET

PAGE 02 STATE 140137

BASICALLY USG POLICY IS THAT BALL IS IN CONGOLESE COURT RE INITIATIVES TO RESUME RELATIONS.

3. YOU MAY RECALL THAT YOU MET SHIRLEY GANAO, AMERICAN WIFE OF CONGOLESE FOREIGN MINISTER DAVID CHARLES GANAO, AT SAHEL BENEFIT BALL IN WASHINGTON, NOVEMBER 30, 1973. SISCO

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 2922

'74 JUN 28 AM 7:19

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PAGE 01 STATE 138774

43
ORIGIN SS-30

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 /031 R

DRAFTED BY EA/K:EHKELLY:LM
APPROVED BY EA/K:DLRANARD
NSC: MESSERS. SMYSER AND SOLOMAN
S/S: MR. LUERS
AF/P: JWVINCENT
========== 054975

R 271646Z JUN 74
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR
INFO AMEMBASSY SEOUL

S E C R E T STATE 138774

EXDIS

E.O. 11652:GDS
TAGS: PFOR, US, KN, KS, SG
SUBJECT: NORTH KOREAN BID TO NEGOTIATE

REF: DAKAR 3038

1. YOU MAY EXPRESS APPRECIATION TO PRESIDENT SENGHOR FOR HIS OFFER TO PLAY ROLE IN COMMUNICATIONS WITH NORTH KOREA. AT SAME TIME YOU SHOULD MAKE CLEAR THAT WE HAVE NO INTENTION OF BECOMING INVOLVED IN NEGOTIATIONS AFFECTING FUTURE OF KOREA PUBLICLY OR PRIVATELY IN ABSENCE OF REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

2. FOLLOWING BACKGROUND MAY BE USEFUL TO YOUR DISCUSSION. NORTH KOREAN SUPREME PEOPLES ASSEMBLY ON MARCH 25 APPROVED LETTER TO BE SENT TO U.S. CONGRESS. LETTER WAS WIDELY PUBLICIZED AND ORIGINAL WAS DELIVERED THROUGH THIRD COUNTRY. GIST OF LETTER IS THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO PROGRESS IN NORTH/SOUTH TALKS AND THAT REUNIFICATION IMPOSSIBLE UNTIL U.S. PRESENCE REMOVED. SINCE CHINESE PEOPLES VOLUNTEERS WITHDRAWN, NORTH KOREAN AND USG (SIC) ARE ONLY

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

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PAGE 02 STATE 138774

TWO SIGNATORIES OF 1953 ARMISTICE AGREEMENT REMAINING IN KOREA. THEREFORE NORTH KOREA PROPOSES BILATERAL NEGOTIATIONS ON "PEACE AGREEMENT" WHICH WOULD REPLACE ARMISTICE. PROPOSED AGREEMENT WOULD INCLUDE FOLLOWING POINTS: (1) NONAGGRESSION/INTERVENTION (2) END TO MILITARY REINFORCEMENT (3) TERMINATION OF UNITED NATIONS COMMAND (4) GUARANTEE THAT KOREA WILL NOT BE FOREIGN MILITARY BASE. AT TIME LETTER WAS BROADCAST DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN COMMENTED THAT IT APPEARED TO BE EFFORT TO GO OVER HEAD OF ROKG AND THAT WE BELIEVE KOREAN ISSUES MUST BE RESOLVED BY KOREAN PARTIES THEMSELVES. SINCE LETTER APPEARED NORTH KOREAN DELEGATIONS HAVE CONDUCTED ACTIVE CAMPAIGN TO SECURE USG RESPONSE, INCLUDING URGING THIRD COUNTRY GOVERNMENTS TO BRING PRESSURE ON USG.

3. YOU MAY ALSO INFORM SENGHOR THAT USG POSITION REMAINS THAT BASIC KOREAN ISSUES MUST BE SOLVED BY TWO KOREAN PARTIES THEMSELVES. ATTEMPTS TO BYPASS ONE WILL ONLY IMPEDE THIS PROCESS. LAST JULY PRESIDENT PARK TOOK DRAMATIC STEP OF DROPPING LONG-STANDING COMPETITION FOR RECOGNITION OF SOLE LEGITIMACY WHICH HAD PRECLUDED RELATIONS WITH ANY COUNTRY WITH RELATIONS WITH NORTH KOREA. HE ANNOUNCED READINESS TO TREAT WITH ALL COUNTRIES ON BASIS OF EQUALITY AND RECIPROCITY AND TO ACCEPT ADMISSION OF NORTH KOREA IN UN. IN JANUARY HE PROPOSED NONAGGRESSION AGREEMENT WITH NORTH. WE BELIEVE STEPS SUCH AS THESE REPRESENT CONSTRUCTIVE APPROACH WHICH COULD LEAD TO STABILITY AND DIALOGUE. HOWEVER, THIS POSSIBLE ONLY IF MATCHED BY SIMILAR NORTH KOREAN ATTITUDE RECOGNIZING PRESENT REALITIES AND COOPERATING WITH ROK IN EFFORTS TO STABILIZE THE PENINSULA. SISCO

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL

R 252142Z OCT 71
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO RUTADR/AMEMBASSY DAKAR 7602
RUEHDT/USMISSION USUN NEW YORK 1341
RUFHOL/AMEMBASSY BONN 6507
BT
C O N F I D E N T I A L STATE 195186

68830

October 25, 5:42 PM 1971

'71 OCT 26 AM 9:25
WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

NODIS

EYES ONLY FOR THE AMBASSADOR

SUBJECT: THE SECRETARY'S TELECON WITH PRESIDENT SENGHOR ON CHIREP

REF: BONN 13243

SUMMARY: IN TELECON WITH THE SECRETARY OCTOBER 24, SENGHOR REITERATED DECISION CONVEYED TO AMBASSADOR RUSH THAT SENEGAL PLANS ABSTAIN ON AR, IQ AND DR CHIREP ISSUES.

1. SECRETARY TELEPHONED PRESIDENT SENGHOR IN BONN OCT 24 ON BEHALF OF PRESIDENT NIXON TO CONVEY OUR STRONG DISAPPOINTMENT AT SENEGAL'S LAST MINUTE CHANGE REPORTED BY AMBASSADOR RUSH REFTEL. SECRETARY EXPRESSED PRESIDENT NIXON'S HOPE SENEGAL WOULD FOLLOW THROUGH ON WHAT IT HAD TOLD US EARLIER AND POINTED OUT MAJORITY AF NATIONS WERE VOTING YES ON IQ. CITING SENGHOR'S SUPPORT OF PRESIDENT NIXON'S NEW CHINA POLICY, SECRETARY STRESSED IMPORTANCE US ATTACHES TO VOTE ON IQ, SAID AN ABSTENTION WAS TANTAMOUNT TO AGREEING TO TAIWAN'S EXPULSION AND REITERATED OUR KEEN DISAPPOINTMENT THAT SENEGAL HAD CHANGED POSITION DESPITE EARLIER INDICATIONS TO US.

2. SENGHOR SAID HE HAD TOLD AMBASSADOR CLARK HE FULLY UNDERSTOOD PRESIDENT NIXON POLICIES, THAT HE APPRECIATES FACT PEACE MUST BE PRESERVED AND SENEGAL MUST ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH PEKING BASED ON PEKING'S RECOGNITION OF SENEGAL'S INDEPENDENCE. HE HAD INDEED TOLD AMBASSADOR CLARK SENEGAL WOULD VOTE FOR IQ BUT HE DID NOT HAVE AGREEMENT WITH US TO VOTE IN THAT MANNER. AFTER CLOSER LOOK AT ISSUE GOS MET AND DECIDED SENEGAL SHOULD ABSTAIN. THIS WAS SENEGAL'S OWN DECISION AND ONCE ARRIVED AT THERE COULD NOT BE A CHANGE IN SENEGAL'S POSITION EVEN IF ASKED BY SOME OF SENEGAL'S DEAREST FRIENDS SUCH AS FRANCE OR US. WHERE TAIWAN EXPELLED, THIS WOULD BE GREAT PITY, JUST AS IT GREAT PITY RUSSIA AND CHINA COMMUNIST. WHILE HE NOT COMMUNIST, SENGHOR SAID, ONE MUST FACE FACT CHINA IS COMMUNIST AND TAIWAN MUST BE ABSORBED INTO IT ONE DAY. VOTING AS US

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REQUESTED WOULD NOT DECREASE CHICOM OR USSR INFLUENCE. SENEGAL'S DISCUSSION WITH WESTERN POWERS OF SPREADING INFLUENCE OF PRC IN AFRICA HAD BROUGHT NO SOLUTION BY THOSE POWERS. THEREFORE SENEGAL MUST ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RESOLUTIONS WITH PRC WHILE FIGHTING COMMUNIST ENCROACHMENTS.

3. THE SECRETARY AGAIN STRESSED KEEN DISAPPOINTMENT THAT SENEGAL REVERSING ITSELF AT THIS LATE HOUR AND SAID JAPAN ALSO HAD UNDERSTOOD SENEGAL'S POSITION IN SAME TERMS AS USG. US APPRECIATED SENEGAL'S SITUATION; BUT OUR EFFORTS TO IMPROVE RELATIONS WITH THE PRC ARE HELPFUL TO SENEGAL. THE SECRETARY HOPED PRESIDENT SENGHOR WAS AWARE SENEGAL'S ABSTENTION WOULD IN FACT HAVE IMPACT OF VOTE FOR TAIWAN'S EXPULSION. US COULD MORE READILY UNDERSTAND SENGALESE VOTING YES ON BOTH IQ AND AR. SENEGAL'S VOTE WOULD MAKE IT RESPONSIBLE FOR TAIWAN'S EXPULSION.

4. SENGHOR REPLIED THAT HE IS IN CONSTANT CONTACT WITH PRIME MINISTER DIOUF BUT HE DID NOT THINK HE COULD GO BACK ON HIS DECISION. SENEGAL HAD CAREFULLY CONSIDERED MATTER AND WAS FULLY ASSUMING ITS RESPONSIBILITIES. SENEGAL NOT VOTING TO EXPEL ROC LIKE FRANCE AND UK WERE BUT ABSTAINING BECAUSE ISSUE NOT PUT IN CLEAR CUT TERMS AT UN. SENGHOR ASKED IF TAIWAN NOT DOOMED TO EXPULSION, JUST AS SOUTH VIET-NAM DOOMED TO COME TO UNDERSTANDING WITH NORTH VIET-NAM. TAIWAN DOOMED TO COME TO UNDERSTANDING WITH PEKING.

5. THE SECRETARY SAID CHANCES FOR RECONCILIATION BETWEEN PEKING AND TAIWAN MUCH BETTER IF TAIWAN NOT EXPELLED. WHILE RECOGNIZING SENEGAL'S RIGHT TO ACT AS IT SEES FIT, WE CONSIDER SENEGAL BEARS STRONG RESPONSIBILITY BECAUSE OTHER COUNTRIES HAVE INDICATED THEY WILL FOLLOW SENEGAL'S LEAD.

6. SENGHOR REITERATED HE DID NOT HAVE AGREEMENT WITH USG ON THE UN VOTE. HE HAD INFORMED US AMBASSADOR WHAT SENEGAL'S ATTITUDE WOULD BE, BUT THIS DID MEAN HE HAD ENTERED PACT WITH USG. SENEGAL HAD CHANGED ITS POSITION BUT THIS SHOULD NOT EARN IT ANY BLAME FROM US. SENEGAL RESPECTS ITS COMMITMENTS. ONCE GOS POSITION CHANGED, HAD USG QUESTIONED SENEGALESE UN MISSION, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN SO INFORMED.

7. THE SECRETARY REGRETTED THAT SENGHOR WOULD NOT CHANGE HIS POSITION. ROGERS
BT

Drafted by: AF - W O R Aggrey
Approved by: AF - David D Newsom
Cleared by: S/S - Mr Curran S - Mr Johnson

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ORIGIN/ACTION

S/S-10 * -Tuned S/S 3/2/73 V-1265082

IM/R	REP	AF
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ARA	EUR	FE
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PGR	COM	FRB
NT	LAB	TAR
TR	XMB	AIR
RMY	CIA	NAVY
DSD	USIA	NSA
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

AIRGRAM

(55)

P04 15-1 SENEG
Ed. R.

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A-16
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UNCLASSIFIED

HANDLING INDICATOR

TO : Department of State

RECEIVED
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
MAR 2 4 01 PM 1973
RS/AN
ANALYSIS BRANCH

FROM : Amembassy DAKAR

DATE: February 22 1973

SUBJECT : Presidential Correspondence

REF : State 19096 - AF S/CPM AF S/S nsc

The reference telegram contained the text of a congratulatory message from President Nixon to President Leopold Sedar Senghor on the occasion of the latter's reelection to a new term as President of Senegal.

There is enclosed an acknowledgement and reply from President Senghor to President Nixon. Since the sealed reply is in French, it might be useful to furnish here an unofficial translation from the courtesy copy furnished by the Presidency to the Embassy:

" 7 February 1973

Mr. President,

I am particularly appreciative of the message of congratulations which you were kind enough to address to me following my reelection as President of the Republic of Senegal on January 28, 1973.

I would like to thank you very sincerely, while renewing the assurance that the exercise of this new mandate will be the occasion for consolidating the relationship of fruitful cooperation existing between the United States of America and Senegal.

Accept, Mr. President, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Leopold Sedar Senghor"

Enclosure: Message for President Nixon

FORM 4-62 DS-323

~~UNCLASSIFIED~~ ~~CLARK~~

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Drafted by: DCM:RLPerkins:nd

Contents and Classification Approved by:

Clearances: POL

BL 7 25 PM '73 PCS-PCR

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Depar ment of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL 506

PAGE 01 DAKAR 02642 0813357

45
ACTION SS-25

INFO OCT-01 /026 W

---------- 025624

R 081200Z JUL 72
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 1285

C O N F I D E N T I A L DAKAR 2642

EXDIS

REF: A) STATE 108939, B) DAKAR 2380

1. WITH RETURN OF PRESIDENT SENGHOR TO DAKAR THIS WEEK, I WAS ABLE ON JULY 7 TO CARRY OUT INSTRUCTIONS OF REFTEL A AND PRESENT TO SENGHOR MESSAGE FROM PRESIDENT NIXON SUMMARIZING HIS MEETING WITH LEADERS OF SOVIET UNION. DURING DELIVERY ADO MCADAMS WAS PRESENT IN THAT WE HAD ADDITIONAL MATTERS TO DISCUSS WITH PRESIDENT.

2. SENGHOR EXPRESSED APPRECIATION FOR PRESIDENT NIXON'S DESIRE TO BRIEF HIM ON THIS IMPORTANT MEETING, AT SAME TIME INDICATING UNDERSTANDING THAT HIS OWN ABSENCE HAD PREVENTED EARLIER DELIVERY MESSAGE. COMMENTING ON RANGE OF DISCUSSIONS AND AGREEMENTS IN MOSCOW, SENGHOR SAID:
"WELL, IT IS EVIDENT THAT NIXON IS A GREAT POLITICIAN. SOME PEOPLE OFTEN WHO ARE DESCRIBED AS BEING TO THE RIGHT TURN OUT TO BE PROGRESSIVE AND LIBERAL INSOFAR AS WORLD PEACE IS CONCERNED." CLARK

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL 121

PAGE 01 DAKAR 02380 201301Z

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ACTION SS-25

INFO OCT-01 /026 W
---------- 016105

R 201140Z JUN 72
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 1132

C O N F I D E N T I L DAKAR 2380

EXDIS

REF: STATE 108939

1. PRESIDENT SENGHOR ABSENT FROM DAKAR. WILL BE IN FRANCE UNTIL JUNE 30 AND LONDON UNTIL JULY 4. I AM REQUESTING APPOINTMENT FOR EARLIEST DATE POSSIBLE FOLLOWING SENGHOR'S RETURN IN ORDER TO DELIVER ORALLY TEXT PRESIDENT NIXON'S MESSAGE.

2. DOES DEPT PLAN PROVIDE FRANCOPHONE POSTS WITH FRENCH TEXTS?
CLARK

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EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL 166

PAGE 01 DAKAR 00648 121347Z

44
ACTION SS-25

INFO OCT-01 /026 W
---------- 092562

R 121300Z FEB 72
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 159

C O N F I D E N T I A L DAKAR 648

EXDIS
REF: A. STATE 022333
B. NAIROBI 0623
C. STATE 021110
D. DAKAR 644

FOR ASST SEC NEWSOM FROM CLARK

1. AS I REPORTED REFTEL SENGHOR DID NOT RAISE QUESTION BUSH TRIP (REF A), SATISFIED OBVIOUSLY BY YOUR PENDING VISIT. ALTHOUGH

REFUELING STOP FOR PLANE HAS BEEN ELIMINATED, DATT STILL HAS PENDING REQUES. FROM AIRCRAFT COMMANDER FOR OVERFLIGHT CLEARANCE (REF B). WHILE WEUMULD PREFER AND PARA 7 REF C SUGGESTS EVEN OVERFLIGHT BE AVOIDED, IF SUCH IS NECESSARY IN ORDER REACH EITHER CAP VERDE OR LAS PALMAS FOR REFUELING, BELIEVE WE CAN HANDLE ROUTINELY AND WITHOUT ATTENTION, IN AS MUCH AS NAMES OF PERSONNEL ABOARD NEED NOT BE MENTIONED.

2. AS I INDICATED REF D PRESIDENT GENUINELY PLEASED YOUR CURRENT PLAN TO COME TO SENEGAL SECOND HALF NEXT MONTH. I REVIEWED YOUR PREVIOUS EFFORT TO ARRANGE VISIT TO SENEGAL, MAURITANIA AND GAMBIA. SNEGHOR WAS RELAXED AND APPEARED TO BE FULLY AWARE YOUR EARLIER INTENTIONS AND PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED. I TOLD HIM THAT YOU HAVE NOT YET BEEN ABLE FIX DATE BECAUSE POSSIBLE REQUIREMENT YOUR PRESENCE IN WASHINGTON RE MATTERS OF CONGRESSIONAL INTEREST CONCERNING AFRICA. SENGHOR SAID ONLY PERIOD LATTER PART MARCH NOT POSSIBLE FOR HIM TO MEET YOU WOULD BE FROM MARCH 24 TO APRIL 1, WHEN HE WILL BE IN FRANCE. ANYTIME BEFORE OR AFTER THOSE DATES WOULD BE FINE, AS FAR AS HE COULD PREDICT HIS MOVEMENTS AT THIS POINT.

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 02 DAKAR 00648 121347Z

2. RE PARA 3 RZX C, I INFORMED PRESIDENT OF OUR CURRENT PLANS FOR PL-480 SHIPMENTS TO SENEGAL, EVEN THOUGH ADO HAS ALREADY HAD PRELIMINARY DISCUSSIONS WITH MINISTRY COOPERATION. SENGHOR WAS PLEASED, INDICATING HOWEVER THAT REQUIREMENTS FOR 1972 WILL BE LESS THAN IN PREVIOUSLY YEARS.CLARK

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 138

PAGE 01 DAKAR 00646 121308Z

47
ACTION SS-25

INFO OCT-01 /026 W

P 121150Z FEB 72
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 157
AMEMBASSY BATHURST

'72 FEB 12 PM 12:43
SITUATION ROOM
092358

S E C R E T DAKAR 646

EXDIS

REF: STATE 012709

1. ALTHOUGH I HAD HOPED TO SEE SENGHOR EARLIER, I WAS FINALLY ABLE TO MEET WITH HIM FEB 11 AND BRIEF HIM ON SUBSTANCE REFTEL. BEYOND EXPRESSING APPRECIATION FOR CONFIDENTIAL BACKGROUND PROVIDED AND OUR PRACTICE OF ESCHANGING VIEWS ON VARIOUS SUBJECTS, HE MADE NO FURTHER COMMENT ON SUBJECT OF PEKING MOSCOW VISITS. REASON HE DID NOT, APPARENTLY, WAS BECAUSE HE HAD ALERTED ME BEFORE I STARTED MY PRESENTATION THAT HE HAD IMPORTANT MATTER WHICH HE WANTED TO DISCUSS WITH ME. REPORT ON THIS SUBJECT, MIDDLE EAST, CONTAINED SEPTEL.

2. IN BATHURST MEETING JANUARY 29 WITH PRESIDENT JAWARA OF THE GAMBIA I ALSO COVERED ESSENCE OF BRIEFING CONTAINED REFTEL.
CLARK

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EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

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SECRET 168

PAGE 01 DAKAR 00508 031326Z

42
ACTION SS-25

INFO OCT-01 /026 W

R 030945Z FEB 72
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 086

S E C R E T DAKAR 508

EXDIS

FOR ASST SECY NEWSOM FROM AMBASSADOR

SUBJECT: APPOINTMENT WITH SENGHOR

1. UPON RECEIPT 12709 I REQUESTED APPOINTMENT WITH SENGHOR TO EXPLAIN RATIONALE BEHIND PRESIDENT NIXON'S VISIT TO PEKING AND MOSCOW. FOR USUAL SENGHOR REASONS (TRAVEL AND VISITORS) EARLIEST DATE AVAILABLE APPEARED TO BE AROUND FEB 8, 9, OR 10, AND I AM HOPING THEREFORE TO SEE HIM ONE OF THOSE DAYS TO CARRY OUT INSTRUCTIONS.

2. OTHER THAN GENERAL NEWS REPORTED IN OUR USINFO TELS 405 AND 436, WE HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO LEARN DETAILS OF JARRING-SENGHOR CONVERSATIONS. BEARING IN MIND RESTRICTIONS CONTAINED IN DEPT GUIDANCE TO NOUAKCHOTT (STATE 013604) DESIGNED TO AVOID APPEARANCE OF INJECTING OURSELVES IN TO JARRING'S CURRENT EFFORTS, I WONDER IF YOU WOULD WANT ME AT LEAST TO MAKE GENERAL LOW KEY ENQUIRY AS TO RESULTS CONVERSATIONS. SENGHOR HIMSELF, OF COURSE, MIGHT RAISE SUBJECT IN WHICH CASE I WOULD FOLLOW GUIDANCE IN STATE REFTEL AND REFERENCES CITED THEREIN.

3. IF OPPORTUNITY ARISES, I WILL ALSO TRY TO ASCERTAIN STATUS PROPOSED FISHING ZONE LAW (DAKAR 411) AND REITERATE OUR GENERAL CONCERN OVER POSSIBILITY GOS TAKING UNILATERAL ACTION CONTRARY TO SENGHOR'S PROMISE TO STEVENSON.

4. IF THERE ARE ANY OTHER SUBJECTS YOU WOULD LIKE ME TO RAISE, I WOULD OF COURSE BY HAPPY TO DO SO WITHIN FRAME OF

'72 FEB 3 PM 1:31
023542
WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

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SECRET

PAGE 02 DAKAR 00508 031326Z

TIME WHICH SENGHOR MAY HAVE FOR ME. GP-2.
CLARK

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SE|NO|EHL

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT

DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 643

PAGE 01 DAKAR 01376 211240Z

11
ACTION SS-45

INFO OCT-01 SSO-00 CCO-00 NSCE-00 /046 W
080132

O R 211115Z APR 71
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 7966
INFO AMCONGEN HONG KONG
AMEMBASSY TAIPEI

S E C R E T DAKAR 1376

EXDIS

NOFORN

SUBJ: CHIREC

REFS: A) DAKAR 1333
B) STATE 062069

SENGHOR HAS ASKED ME TO COME SEE HIM TOMORROW MORNING, APR 22 AT 1130. WHILE HE MIGHT HAVE NUMBER MATTERS ON HIS MIND, PARTICULARLY LATEST PORTUGUESE INCURSION CASAMANCE (SEPTEL), POSSIBILITY EXISTS HE MAY RAISE QUESTION RE HIS CONCERN PRC ACTIVITIES IN WEST AFRICA (REF A). IN LIGHT DEPT QUERY, REF B, I WOULD APPRECIATE GUIDANCE ASAP ON WHAT TO SAY, IF ANYTHING, ON CHIREC QUESTIONIF THIS ASPECT RELATIONS COMES UP. IN ADDITION FYI CAUTION PARA 3, 431 B, I REALIZE FAST-MOVING DEVELOPMENTS FOLLOWING PING-PONG DETENTE MAY MAKE IT EVEN MORE DIFFICULT FOR US PREDICT OUR OWN POSITION. CLARK

'71 APR 21 AM 11:37
WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

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EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS EXDIS

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Department of State TELEGRAM

SECRET 246

PAGE 01 DAKAR 01333 161908Z

42
ACTION SS-45

INFO OCT-01 /046 W
---------- 047197

R 161800Z APR 71
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 7949
INFO AMCONSUL HONG KONG
AMEMBASSY PARIS
AMEMBASSY BAMAKO
AMEMBASSY CONAKRY
AMEMBASSY FREETOWN
AMEMBASSY YAOUNDE
AMEMBASSY LIMA
AMEMBASSY LA PAZ
AMEMBASSY TAIPEI
AMEMBASSY TUNIS
AMEMBASSY ACCRA
AMEMBASSY NOUAKCHOTT
AMEMBASSY TRIPOLI

S E C R E T DAKAR 1333

EXDIS

NOFORN

SUBJ: CHIREC

REF: A) STATE 062069
B) DAKAR 4145

1. BELIEVE SENEGAL POSITION CHINA QUESTION REMAINS ESSENTIALLY SAME AS STATED REF B. ESSENCE REPEATED HEREWITH FOR BENEFIT INFO ADDRESSEES:

A. QUOTE SENEGAL DOES NOT RECOGNIZE PEKING, HAS FULL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONR WITH GRC, AND HAS BENEFITED GREATLY FROM GRC RICE MISSION UNDER PROJECT VANGUARD. ALTHOUGH PRES SENHHOR BELIEVE MAINLAND CHINA SHOULD BE REPRESENTED IN UNITED NATIONS, THIS BELIEF DOES NOT EXTEND TO POLICY

'71 APR 16 PM 7:59
WHITE HOUSE
SITUATION ROOM

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

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PAGE 02 DAKAR 01333 161908Z

EXPELLING GRC FOM UN OR RECOGNIZING PEKING AS SOLE GOVT OF CHINA. ON CONTRARY, GOS TOO AWARE AID BENEFITS FROM NATIONALIST CHINESE RICE PROJECTS, WILL READILY RECALL MAOIST/CHINESE COMMUNIST ROLE IN 1968 STUDENT/LABOR DEMONSTRATIONS, AND REMAINS SUSPICIOUS CHINESE COMMUNIST EFFORT EXTEND INFLUENCE AMONG AFRICAN STATES. THUS MAJOR CHANGE FROM SENEGAL'S PRESENT RECOGNITION GRC UNLIKELY. UNQUOTE

2. DO NOT BELIEVE GOS WOULD BE RESPONSIVE TO MAURITANIAN DEMARCHE ENDEAVORING BASICALLY CHANGE THIS POSITION, UNLESS LINKED DIRECTLY WITH MAJOR PRC AID OFFER. IF ANYTHING SENGHOR HAS GROWN INCREASINGLY CONCERNED CHICOM INFLUENCE IN WEST AFRICA DURING PAST SIX MONTHS. HE HAS, IN FACT MENTIONED HIS CONCERN CHINESE ACTIVITIES IN MAURITANIA, GUINEA AND MALI ALMOST EVERY TIME WE HAVE TALKED. IN DEALING WITH STUDENT UNREST, SYNDICATES AND OTHER PROBLEMS, HE AND GOS CONTINUE LAY MAJOR BLAME ON MAOIST AND RELATED SUBVERSIVE INFLUENCES. PRESS REPORT TODAY OF PRC AGREEMENT TO BUILD PORT NOUAKCHOTT ALREADY GENERATING LOCAL CONCERN. ON OTHER HAND SENEGAL PRESS AND PUBLIC EVIDENCING CONSIDERABLE INTEREST IN PING PONT DETENTE. AND AS INDICATED ABOVE, IMPRESSIVE OFFER SUCH AS CONSTRUCTION HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER AND IRRIGATION PROJECT ON SENEGAL RIVER COULD CHANGE SENGHOR MIND. EVERY MAN HAS HIS PRICE.

3. WHILE I DON'T THINK HIGH LEVEL APPROACH TO GOS CALLED FOR AT THIS TIME, I DO BELIEVE WE COULD FIND ROUTINE OCCASION REITERATE GENERAL POSITION IN STATE 194491 AND BRIEF OFFICIALS ON PRC ACTIVITIES AND POLICIES THROUGH VARIETY CHANNELS AVAILABLE TO US.
CLARK

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL 529

'72 FEB 6 PM 2:01

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

PAGE 01 STATE 021110

44
ORIGIN SS-25

INFO OCT-01 /026 R

66611
DRAFTED BY: AF/AFW: J. M. YATES
APPROVED BY: AF: DAVID D. NEWSOM
AF/W: MR. AGGREY
AF/RA: MR. SPIGLER (SUBS PARA 4)
L/OA: MR. LIETZELL (SUBS PARA 5)
S/S: MR. MILLER

---------- 042919

P 051934Z FEB 72
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR PRIORITY

C O N F I D E N T I A L STATE 021110

EXDIS

FOR AMBASSADOR FROM NEWSOM

SUBJ: APPOINTMENT WITH SENGHOR

REF: DAKAR 508

1. YOU MAY INFORM PRESIDENT SENGHOR THAT NEWSOM TENTATIVELY PLANNING VISIT SENEGAL, MAURITANIA AND THE GAMBIA IN MID-MARCH OR SHORTLY THEREAFTER SUBJECT TO REQUIREMENTS HE BE PRESENT IN WASHINGTON TO DEAL WITH MATTERS OF CONGRESSIONAL INTEREST CONCERNING AFRICA (PRIMARILY BUDGET HEARINGS).

2. IN CARRYING OUT INSTRUCTION STATE 12709 YOU MAY WISH INDICATE TO SENGHOR THAT WE VALUE PAST USG-GOS COLLABORATION ON ISSUES OF MUTUAL CONCERN AND THAT YOUR BRIEFING ON PRESIDENTIAL VISITS UNDERTAKEN IN THIS SPIRIT WHICH WE HOPE WILL CONTINUE AND BE REINFORCED.

3. IF GOS NOT ALREADY INFORMED SUBSTANCE STATE 18962 CONCERNING FY 1972 PL-480 SHIPMENTS TO SENEGAL, YOU MAY WISH TAKE OCCASION INFORM SENGHOR.

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 02 STATE 021110

4. WITH REGARD PARA 2 REF A, DEPARTMENT WOULD NOT WANT TAKE INITIATIVE RAISE SENGHOR-JARRING TALKS. IF SENGHOR RAISES SUBJECT, HOWEVER, YOU SHOULD BE GUIDED BY STATE 13604.

5. WITH REGARD TO PARA 3 REFTEL, GIVEN BROAD CONSIDERATIONS US STRATEGY RE LOS, DEPARTMENT PREFERS THAT YOU NOT RPT NOT RAISE FISHING ZONE LAW AT THIS TIME. IF SENGHOR RAISES LOS YOU SHOULD FOLLOW GUIDANCE PREVIOUSLY GIVEN THIS SUBJECT.

6. IF SENGHOR SHOULD REITERATE GOS CRITICISM AZORES BASES AGREEMENT YOU SHOULD DRAW UPON GUIDANCE STATE 11003.

7. FYI. DEPARTMENT AWARE POTENTIAL PROBLEMS WHICH MIGHT HAVE ARISEN SHOULD AMBASSADOR BUSH'S AIRCRAFT HAVE REFUELED AT DAKAR AND INITIATED SUGGESTION FLIGHT PATTERN BE CHANGED FORT LAMY-LAS PALMAS DIRECT WITHOUT OVERFLYING SENEGAL.

GP-3. ROGERS

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Department of State TELEGRAM

SECRET 196

PAGE 01 STATE 135474

81
ORIGIN SS-45

INFO OCT-01 SSO-00 NSCE-00 /046 R

66643
DRAFTED BY: AF:WGBRADFORD
APPROVED BY: AF:DAVID D NEWSOM
SY: MR GENTILE
O: MR GAMMON
S/S-O: MR RUECKERT
AF/W: MR AGGREY

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM
'71 JUL 27 PM 3:25

043457

O 270010Z JUL 71 ZFF4
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR IMMEDIATE

S E C R E T STATE 135474

EXDIS

DELIVER AT OPENING OF BUSINESS:

FOR AMBASSADOR FROM NEWSOM.

REF: DAKAR 2616

1. HAVE CAREFULLY CONSIDERED ARGUMENTS ADVANCED IN REFERENCE AND UNDERSTAND YOUR CONCERNS ON ENDANGERING US-SENEGALESE RELATIONS. HOWEVER, THESE ARE FAR OUTWEIGHED BY POSSIBLE IMPORTANCE TO US OF VU VAN THAI INTERVIEW.

2. THEREFORE, YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO PROCEED AS OUTLINED IN 132604. LEAVE LEVEL OF MOST PRODUCTIVE APPROACH TO SENEGALESE GOVERNMENT TO YOUR DISCRETION. GP-1. ROGERS

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 841

PAGE 01 STATE 068311

82
ORIGIN SS-45

INFO OCT-01 SSO-00 NSCE-00 /046 R

66648
DRAFTED BY: IO/UNP:HJFELDMAN 4/21
APPROVED BY: IO-MARTIN F. HERZ
EA/ROC-MR. SHOESMITH
IO/UNP:MR. ARMITAGE
AF/I-MR. WALKER
EA/ACA-MR. BROWN
AF/W-MR. AGGREY
S/S-O:GLRUECKERT
---------- 086292

O R 220052Z APR 71 ZFF4
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR IMMEDIATE
INFO AMEMBASSY CANBERRA
AMEMBASSY TAIPEI
AMEMBASSY TOKYO
AMEMBASSY WELLINGTON
AMCONSUL HONG KONG
USMISSION USUN NEW YORK

S E C R E T STATE 068311

EXDIS

SUBJ: CHIREP: MEETING WITH PRESIDENT SENGHOR

REF: A. DAKAR 1376 B. DAKAR 1333 C. STATE 62069

DELIVER OOB APRIL 22

1. SHOULD PRC RECOGNITION QUESTION ARISE IN YOUR CONVERSATION WITH PRESIDENT SENGHOR, YOU SHOULD IN YOUR REPLY DRAW UPON MATERIAL CONTAINED IN CA-926 OF FEBRUARY 25, 1971 AND STATE 19941 OF NOVEMBER 28, 1970.

2. IF ASKED ABOUT US POSITION ON CHINESE REPRESENTATION IN UN, YOU SHOULD STATE OUR CHIREP POLICY UNDER ACTIVE REVIEW AT

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

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PAGE 02 STATE 068311

PRESENT TIME AND NO DECISIONS HAVE YET BEEN REACHED. WE RECOGNIZE THAT MANY COUNTRIES BELIEVE TIME HAS COME WHEN PRC SHOULD BE SEATED IN UN, YET AT SAME TIME MANY COUNTRIES ARE UNWILLING TO EXPEL ROC FROM ORGANIZATION. FOR ITS PART, USG CONTINUES TO BE OPPOSED TO ROC EXPULSION. WE WOULD APPRECIATE PRESIDENT SENGHOR'S THOUGHTS ON SUBJECT AND, AFTER OUR REVIEW COMPLETED, WOULD LIKE TO HAVE FULL EXCHANGE OF VIEWS WITH GOS.

3. RE "PING PONG DIPLOMACY": YOU MAY DRAW UPON STATE 62231 AND STATE 63580 AND, IF APPROPRIATE, ADD FOLLOWING ANALYSIS: PRC INVITATION PROBABLY REPRESENTS FUNDAMENTAL PRC DECISION TO OPEN GATES SELECTIVELY TO AMERICANS IN ORDER ACHIEVE IMPACT ON US AND WORLD OPINION. PRC'S BASIC MOTIVATION PROBABLY DIRECTED AT CHIREP PROBLEM AND DESIRE TO GENERATE PRESSURES IN FAVOR OF ITS UN ENTRY. SINO-SOVIET CONSIDERATIONS DOUBTLESS ALSO PLAY AT PART. AS USG SPOKESMEN HAVE SAID, WE WELCOME THIS FIRST RESPONSE WHICH PEKING HAS MADE TO THE STEPS WHICH WE HAVE TAKEN OVER PART TWO YEARS TO REDUCE TENSIONS BETWEEN US. IN OUR TRADE RELAXATION MOVES WE HAVE ALREADY INDICATED THAT WE ARE PREPARED TO MOVE FURTHER. HOWEVER SPECULATION THAT THIS FIRST STEP BY PEKING WILL LEAD SWIFTLY TO FULL NORMALIZATION OF RELATIONS CLEARLY IS PREMATURE.
GP-3. ROGERS

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL 881

PAGE 01 STATE 068307

81
ORIGIN AF-19

INFO OCT-01 CPR-02 PM-05 H-02 NSC-10 O-03 OPR-02 P-03

RSC-01 SS-20 SY-03 USIA-12 PRS-01 USSS-00 /084 R

66637
DRAFTED BY: AF/W AEFAIRCHAILD
APPROVED BY: AF AMB MOORE
S/CPR WRCODUS
AF/W HEHORAN
USSS CHALFONT(INFO)
S/S MR BREWSTER
S MR TAYLOR
AF/EX WGBRADFORD (INFO)
J MR PECK

---------- 086452

P 220045Z APR 71
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR PRIORITY

C O N F I D E N T I A L STATE 068307

SUBJ: SENGHOR VISIT

1. SENEGALESE EMBASSY HAS CONFIRMED ACCEPTANCE FOR MEETING WITH PRESIDENT NIXON ON JUNE 18 AT 11:30 A.M.

2. INVITATION FOR 1:00 LUNCHEON JUNE 18 TO BE GIVEN BY SECRETARY WILL ALSO BE EXTENDED THROUGH AMB FALL. DEPT ALSO INFORMING FALL USG AIRCRAFT WILL FLY SENGHOR PARTY TO WASH FROM BOSTON ON MORNING JUNE 18 AND FROM WASH TO NEW YORK ON AFTERNOON JUNE 19. BLAIR HOUSE WILL BE AT DISPOSAL SENGHOR PARTY NIGHT OF JUNE 18. AGGREY HAS BEEN NAMED ESCORT OFFICER FOR VISIT. IF SENGHOR RAISES SUBJECT HIS VISIT AT YOUR APRIL 22 MEETING, YOU MAY WISH DRAW ON ABOVE.

3. DETAILS WASH PROGRAM STILL BEING ARRANGED BUT WILL INFORM EMB AS SOON AS FIRM.

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 02 STATE 068307

4. IF EMB RECEIVES ANY EARLY INDICATION COMPOSITION SENGHOR PARTY DEPT WOULD APPRECIATE BEING INFORMED.
GP-3 ROGERS

CONFIDENTIAL

24/10/24

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT

DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

CONFIDENTIAL 695

PAGE 01 STATE 061736

84
ORIGIN AF-19

INFO OCT-01 CPR-02 PM-05 H-02 NSC-10 O-03 OPR-02 P-03

RSC-01 SS-20 SY-03 USIA-12 PRS-01 /084 R

66634
DRAFTED BY: AF W AEFAIRCHILD
APPROVED BY: AF W BCARTER, JR.
AF W DRAGGREY
S S
S/CPR AMB MOSBACHER

---------- 010403

R 122318Z APR 71
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR

C O N F I D E N T I A L STATE 061736

SUBJECT: SENGHOR VISIT

WHITE HOUSE HAS APPROVED CALL ON PRESIDENT NIXON FOR PRESIDENT SENGHOR AT 11:30 AM, JUNE 18. ASSTSECY NEWSOM WILL INFORM AMB FALL DURING APRIL 13 MEETING TO DISCUSS SENGHOR'S SCHEDULE.

DECON 6/30/71. ROGERS

CONFIDENTIAL

46

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET 305

PAGE 01 STATE 165126

51=42
ORIGIN AF=05

INFO OCT=01 SS=20 NSC=10 NSCE=00 IO=04 RSC=01 /041 R

66605
DRAFTED BY: AF/W: HEHORAN
APPROVED BY: AF/W: ORAGGREY
AF/I: MR SPIGLER(DRAFT)
S/UN: MR BROWN(DRAFT)
========== 028422

R 071905Z OCT 70
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR

S E C R E T STATE 165126

LIMDIS

REF: STATE 162809

SUBJ: PRESIDENT'S PARTICIPATION IN UN 25TH ANNIVERSARY
CELEBRATION

FOR CHARGE FROM AGGREY

FOR PLANNING PURPOSES WOULD APPRECIATE EARLY RESPONSE
TO REFTEL.
ROGERS

SECRET

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE 216

PAGE 01 STATE 144951

91
ORIGIN AF 18

INFO OCT 01,CPR 02,JPM 04,NSC 10,P 04,RSC 01,SS 20,USIA 12,PPS 01,

SCI 05,NASA 04,/082 R

66646
DRAFTED BY:AF/CW:KAHN
APPROVED BY:AF/CW:SCHAUFELE
AF:WESTERFIELD
WH:MORRIS
S/S:BROWN
---------- 036522

R 272014Z AUG 69
FM SECSTATE WASHDC
TO AMEMBASSY DAKAR

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE STATE 144951

1. IN RESPONSE APOLLO 11 CONGRATULATORY MESSAGE FROM CHEIKH IBRAHIM NIASSE (TEXT TRANSMITTED DAKAR A-143), CHARGE AUTHORIZED SAY THAT CHEIKH'S MESSAGE RECEIVED AND APPRECIATED BY PRESIDENT.

2. DECON ON RECEIPT.
ROGERS

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W.H. (10)

Department of State **TELEGRAM**

SECRET

CONTROL: 3575Q
RECD: OCT 13, 1973
1207Z

O 131130Z OCT 73
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 4787
INFO RUEHCR/AMEMBASSY NOUAKCHOTT IMMEDIATE 1045
RUEHCR/AMEMBASSY OUAGADOUGOU IMMEDIATE 0820
RUEHCR/AMEMBASSY BAMAKO IMMEDIATE 3227
RUEHCR/AMEMBASSY NIAMEY IMMEDIATE 1305
RUEHCR/AMEMBASSY NDJAMENA IMMEDIATE 0476
BT
S E C R E T DAKAR 4581

NODIS

EO 11652GDS
TAGS: EAID, SWEL, OVIP
SUBJ: VISIT BY MRS NIXON TO SAHEL

FROM AMBASSADOR CLARK

REF: STATE 202528

1. IN RESPONSE TO REFTEL, I AGREE ENTIRELY WITH DEPARTMENT'S EXPECTATION THAT GOVERNMENT OF SENEGAL WOULD LOOK FORWARD WITH WARMEST ANTICIPATION TO RECEIVING MRS NIXON, AND DO NOT BELIEVE THAT CURRENT MIDDLE EAST SITUATION WOULD IN ANY SIGNIFICANT WAY AFFECT THIS JUDGMENT. I WOULD ADD THAT ENTHUSIASM OF PRESIDENT AND MRS SENGHOR FO SUCH A VISIT WOULD EXIST REGARDLESS OF CURRENT DROUGHT SITUATION, EVEN THOUGH THAT WOULD BE THE STATED REASON FOR THE TRIP AND ITS TIMING; THEY WOULD SEE IT AS WARM, HUMANITARIAN GESTURE FROM A COUNTRY FOR WHICH THEY HAVE WARM FEELINGS OF RESPECT AND ADMIRATION.

2. WITH REGARD TO SECURITY, AS DEPARTMENT IS AWARE, THERE IS A SMALL FATAH OFFICE IN DAKAR, WHICH HAS BEEN KEPT UNDER CLOSE SCRUTINY BY GOS SINCE IT WAS OPENED NEARLY A YEAR AGO. SENGHOR HAS LAID DOWN CLEAR GROUND RULES THAT IT MAY ONLY ENGAGE IN DISTRIBUTION OF PROPAGANDA DOCUMENTS AND SOME LIMITED FUND-RAISING AMONG LOCAL LEBANESE COMMUNITY. NO DEMONSTRATION IS ALLOWED HERE WITHOUT STRICT GOVERNMENT PERMISSION AND

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Department of State **TELEGRAM**

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-2-DAKAR 4581, OCT 13

SUPERVISION, AND RECENT FATAH REQUEST TO HAVE PUBLIC MEETING IN DAKAR WITH LEBANESE COMMUNITY TO DEMONSTRATE SOLIDARITY WITH SYRIAN-EGYPTIAN CAUSE WAS TURNED DOWN OUT OF HAND. FRENCH-TRAINED SECURITY FORCES HERE ARE EFFICIENT AND RELIABLE.

3. IN VIEW OF MY IMMINENT DEPARTURE FROM POST, I HAVE SHOWN ABOVE TO DCM, WHO LIKELY BE CHARGE IN PERIOD OF NEAR FUTURE, AND HE FULLY CONCURS IN ABOVE. FOR PLANNING PURPOSES, WOULD NOTE THAT SENGHOR LEFT THIS MORNING FOR TRIP TO FRANCE, ENGLAND, GERMANY AND ADDIS ABABA FROM WHICH HE EXPECTED TO RETURN ABOUT NOVEMBER 2. HOWEVER, WOULD NOT ANTICIPATE ANY PROBLEM IN SEEKING HIS CONCURRENCE FOR A PROPOSED VISIT WHILE HE IS ABSENT ON THESE TRAVELS.

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CONFIDENTIAL

Department of State TELEGRAM

P R 201330Z OCT 71
FM AMEMBASSY DAKAR
TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 9252
RUEHCR/USUN NY PRIORITY 401
INFO RUEHCR/AMEMBASSY LISBON 156
BT
C O N F I D E N T I A L DAKAR 3811

CONTROL: 5 3 3 7 Q
OCTOBER 20, 1971
10:26 AM

NODIS

SUBJ: SC MISSION REPORT ON SENEGAL - CHIREP

REFS: A) STATE 191054
B) DAKAR 3786

1. IN MEETING WITH PRIME MINISTER DIOUF TODAY, OCT 20, I STATED PER INSTRUCTIONS THAT WE CAN SUPPORT SC RESOLUTION BASED ON RECOMMENDATIONS OF SC MISSION TO SENEGAL PROVIDING RESOLUTION DOES NOT GO BEYOND CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF MISSION REPORT. I ADVISED HIM THAT OUR DELEGATE WOULD MAKE CERTAIN CAVEATS IN EXPLANATION OF VOTE, MENTIONING SPECIFICALLY ROLE OF INSURGENTS AND LACK OF PROTUGUESE COOPERATION. I CONCLUDED WITH OBSERVATION THAT IF PROBELM IS TO BE SOLVED, APPROPRIATE ACTION BY ALL PARTIES INVOLVED WILL BE NECESSARY.

2. AFTER THANKING ME WARMLY FOR THIS EXPLANATION OF POSITIVE AMERICAN POSITION (WHICH HE ASCRIBED, WITH SOME EXAGGERATION, TO MY PERSONAL INTERVENTION), PRIME MINISTER DECLARED THAT HE HAD HAD OCCASION IN PAST TO DOUBT AMERICAN INTEREST IN CASAMANCE PROBLEM. WHILE WELCOMING PRESENT INDICATION OF POSITIVE US INTEREST, HE EMPHASIZED THAT SENEGAL WOULD NEVERTHELESS PRESS FOR RESOLUTION WHICH CLEARLY CONDEMNS PORTUGAL, SO AS TO LEAVE NO DOUBT AS TO RESPONSIBLE PARTY AND DISCOURAGE RECURRENCE OF PORTUGUESE BORDER INCURSIONS INTO CASAMANCE. CONCERNING OUR DESIRE SEE CASAMANCE PROBLEM RESOLVED THROUGH APPROPRIATE ACTION OF ALL PARTIES CONCERNED, PRIME MINISTER COMMENTED THAT THIS MUST BEGIN WITH PORTUGUESE WILLINGNESS TALK (CAUSER) WITH PAIGC, WITHOUT WHICH THERE COULD BE NO SECURE PEACE IN AREA.

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3. (PM HAD WITH HIM SECSTATE FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS ADAMA N'DIAYE, WHO ORDINARILY IS NOT INVOLVED IN SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES, AND HIS DIRECTEUR DE CABINET DIAKHA DIENG, WHO USED TO HOLD SAME POSITION IN MFA. ACTING DCM KAHN ACCOMPANIED ME.)

4. COMMENT: I MUST ADD THAT I TOO AM DEEPLY GRATEFUL FOR EFFORTS DEP AND USUN TO ADOPT FORTHCOMING POSITION ON SC REPORT.
CLARK

NODIS NODIS

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CLEARANCE
CABLES

LDX CHANNEL MESSAGE COVER FORM

Mr. Rose
Cys Sent
Morris
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2. TO: WH
(Msg. No.) 855

4. Received by: Cook
Date & Time: 69 MAR 28 PM 12:14

scription: Tel to DAKAR - Independence Day message

sfn & Controls: LOU

. of Pgs. 1 8. Precedence IMM 9. Validated by: RLBrown

liver to: Dr. Kissinger
The White House

Port Clearance XX

Information

Per Request

Alice - call Morris + see if cleared?

cleared
per R. Morris
3/29/69

BEFORE THE TELEGRAM IS DELIVERED TO OC/T(A), Room 6243

50
12~~49~~

FOR OC/T USE ONLY

GOING TELEGRAM Department of State

ATE: ☐ COLLECT
GE 70

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE
Classification

ACTION: Amembassy DAKAR

STATE

FYI Following message will be sent direct via commercial channels to President Senghor on April 3. QUOTE It gives me pleasure to extend to you and to the people of Senegal congratulations and best wishes from the people of the United States of America as you celebrate this anniversary of your independence. We are appreciative of the warm friendship that exists between our two nations and reiterate our earnest desire to continue in our mutual quest for world peace and freedom. RICHARD NIXON. UNQUOTE.

Department will release upon confirmation by Embassy of receipt by President unless objection perceived.

CPR:DMJohnson 3/27/69	Tel. Ext. 3057	Telegraphic transmission and classification approved by:	Emil Mosbacher, Jr. Chief of Protocol

F/NW - Mr. Kahn - Mr. Haverkamp S/S - S/S-C - Mrs. Denham
AF - Mr. Quimby
IE WHITE HOUSE

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